Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 11—Seventh Year. VICTORIA, B. C., MONDAY, JUNE 30, 1890. No. 329

WANTS.

ADVERTISEMENTS of To Let, Wanted, [illegible] under these heads, four lines or under [illegible] for each insertion; and pro rata for more space or longer time.

WANTED—Immediately a first class upholsterer. Apply F. W. Hart, Vancouver. ju25-1w

WANTED—A girl to do general housework. Apply at [illegible] street. ju27-tf

WANTED—[illegible] wanted at Mrs. [illegible] Good wages [illegible] Apply at [illegible] ju23-tf

WANTED—A BREAD BAKER—APPLY [illegible] Fort St. je23-1w

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED FLORIST [illegible] willing to make [illegible] P. O. Box [illegible], city. je23-1w

WANTED TO EXCHANGE—ANY PERson or firm having [illegible] of Williams' Directory [illegible] exchange for [illegible] 1890. R. T. Williams, [illegible] street. je25-1w

WANTED—A good general servant in a small family. Apply between the hours [illegible] Mrs. Urquhart, [illegible] street, James Bay. jul2-tf

HELP—The employers of labor will find it to their advantage to call on us, at the White Labor Employment Bureau, 90 Yates street, Victoria, when reliable help is required. Also Canadian Cigars, Fruits, etc. BINGHAM & REYNARD. jun4-3m

TO LET.

TO LET—[illegible] at Cloverdale; for terms apply to J. W. [illegible] box 225. j30lm

TO RENT—A furnished room for one or two men. [illegible] street, corner Kane St. [illegible]

TO LET—MAINLAND BREWERY, COLumbia street and 10th Avenue, Mount Pleasant, Vancouver B. C. This first class [illegible] to let to suitable and responsible parties, and having every appliance required for the trade offers a splendid chance to [illegible] having the necessary experience. For [illegible] apply to Robert [illegible], P. O. box 101 [illegible] B. C. or at the brewery. je30-1m

[illegible] HANDSOMELY FURNISHED [illegible] use of kitchen, bath[illegible] private hotel [illegible] may30-tf

TO LET—After July 1st, the handsome residence [illegible] Apply [illegible] ap15-tf

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Shorthorn cattle, Leicester sheep and Berkshire pigs. Apply to J. W. Tolmie, box 226. ju26-1m

FOR SALE—The Bond farm in Comox, 157 acres, [illegible] under cultivation, orchard in bearing; [illegible] churches [illegible] worth the [illegible] $4,000. Crane, McGregor and Boggs. june25-1m

FOR SALE—[illegible] small house [illegible] Crane, McGregor and Boggs. june25-1m

FOR SALE—Farm [illegible] convenient to [illegible] Crane, McGregor and Boggs. june25-1m

FOR SALE—[illegible] harbor, [illegible] Esquimalt. [illegible] ju25-1m

FOR SALE—[illegible] perfect [illegible] per acre. Crane, McGregor and Boggs. ju25-1m

FOR SALE—[illegible] good interest [illegible] Crane, McGregor and Boggs. jun27-1m

FOR SALE—[illegible] house, corner [illegible] streets, $3250. Crane, McGregor and Boggs. jun28-1m

FOR SALE—A [illegible] story house of [illegible] rooms, with [illegible] and outbuildings, a garden in a high state of cultivation [illegible] good bearing fruit trees [illegible] For particulars apply [illegible] jun24-tf

FOR SALE—[illegible] New and [illegible] Wm. [illegible] C. P. R. [illegible] Victoria, B. C. jul4-3m

FOR SALE—Lot Victoria West $900, $50 cash [illegible] Crane, McGregor and Boggs. jun3

FOR SALE—House and lot Spring Ridge, [illegible] Crane, McGregor and Boggs. ju3

FOR SALE—A well situated lot [illegible] cash, balance to suit. Crane, McGregor and Boggs. ju3

FOR SALE—[illegible] Park Road to alley. [illegible] Crane, McGregor and Boggs. ju3

FOR SALE—The largest list of Victoria [illegible] Crane, McGregor and Boggs. ju3

FOR SALE—[illegible] acres sheep range [illegible] good house and barns. Ap[illegible] Victoria. jun3-tf

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST OR STRAYED—A Japanese pug dog [illegible] Finder will be [illegible] John J. [illegible] Gov[illegible] street, Victoria. jun30-tf

FOUND—[illegible] diamond ring. The owner [illegible] to prove property [illegible] of Police. [illegible]

INSURANCE.

THE NORWICH UNION FIRE INSURANCE SOCIETY. [illegible] Agent. [illegible] jan1-tf

JOHN J. AUSTIN, [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible]

A. & W. WILSON, [illegible] [illegible]

CIVIL ENGINEERS, Etc.

C. W. [illegible], [illegible] C.E. [illegible] SURVEYOR AND CIVIL ENGINEER. [illegible]

G. [illegible] [illegible] LAND SURVEYOR AND ARCHITECT. [illegible] Fort street, Victoria, B. C.

GRAY & DEVEREUX, CIVIL ENGINEERS. [illegible] Feb. Box 52. [illegible] fe10-4m

CLAIRVOYANT.

MME. LESLIE—Reveals the past and unfolds the future. Important advice on business matters. Hours 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. Room 2 Vancouver Lodgings, 33 Yates street, next to the Poodle Dog. [illegible]-1m

SOCIETIES.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE, No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. jy9 H. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH Chapter, No. 120, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions cordially invited. W. J. QUINLAN, jy1-ly Scribe E.

DOMINION LODGE, No. 4, I. O. O. F., meets at the hall, Douglas street, every Thursday evening. Thursday, 5th, Third Degree. de6 JAMES AULD, R.S.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 1, K. of P. Regular convention every Friday evening at Foresters' Hall, Government street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend. R. J. PLUMMER, oc19 K. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN Society meets in their hall, corner Langley and Yates streets, on the first Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join. J. M. MURDOCH, Secretary.

PHYSICIANS.

HOMŒPATHIC REMOVAL. DR. J. HALL. Will leave his rooms on Pandora street on Monday, December 2nd, for the new brick block corner of Yates and Douglas streets, where he may be consulted at the usual hours, from 1 to 4 p.m., excepting Sundays and holidays. nov27

J. K. GARROW, M. D. (Lately attending Guy's Hospital, London, and Royal Infirmary, Edinburgh.) Specialties: Diseases of Women and Children and Chronic Diseases. Office and residence, corner of Douglas and Pandora streets, directly opposite City Hall. Office hours:—9 to 11 a.m., 1 to 3, and 7 to 8:30 p.m. Calls in city or country promptly attended to. nov9-3m

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. jul8

JOHN DOHERTY GENERAL SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; E. C. Kellogg, corner Yates and Douglas streets, or George Doughty, corner Fort and Blanchard streets, will be promptly attended to. aug22-ly

BANKERS.

GARESCHE, GREEN & CO. BANKERS. Government street, Victoria, B. C. Deposits received in gold, silver and U. S. currency. Interest paid on the same on time deposits. Gold dust and U. S. currency purchased at highest market rates. Sight Drafts and Telegraph Transfers on San Francisco, New York and Canada. Exchange on London, available in all parts of Europe, England, Ireland and Scotland. Letters of Credit issued on the principal cities of the United States, Canada and Europe. Agents for Wells, Fargo & Co.

ARCHITECTS.

P. H. DONOVAN, ARCHITECT. Office, Croft & Norris Block, Douglas street. Plans and specifications furnished on the shortest notice. ap2tf

CORNELIUS J. SOULE, ARCHITECT. Member Ontario Association of Architects. Offices, Government street, next to Geo. H. Maynard's. feb27-3m

T. S. NORGATE, ARCHITECT and Mechanical Engineer. Drawings for Patent Office. Office, Moody's Block, 44 Yates street, Victoria, B. C. mj2tf

JNO. TEAGUE, ARCHITECT. Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe20tf

SURVEYING PARTIES fully equipped, and in charge of competent chiefs, furnished on short notice. Draughting, mapping and blue printing. MILLER & GOING. Box 291, Port Townsend. ap2tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

R. B. McMICKING, 10 TROUNCE AVENUE. Supplies electric house bells, and annunciators in any quantity and style. No residence or hotel complete without them. my30-1m

QUEEN'S MARKET, L. GOODACRE. Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher. Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

FIRE TRAPS.

Dangerous Heaps of Inflammable Rubbish Carelessly Left Exposed.

People who pass along the business streets of Victoria have no idea of the fire traps heaped up in the alleyways and crowded yards in the rear of many of the stores and places of business, but the ubiquitous reporter has been there and seen the same under the hot rays of a summer sun. Heaps of broken dry goods boxes, stacked up against wooden outhouses, with large quantities of paper mixed in, would easily become ignited by a small spark.

In one place the newsman found a large heap of dry straw and small wood lying close against the wooden outhouse of a paint shop. Old oil tins lay about, and a match dropped anywheres would have made a big fire in short order. In view of the fact that the hot dry days are here, with the regulation summer winds, a few ounces of care in these matters might be the means of preventing pounds of damage. True the fire department is effective and prompt, but a fire started in one of those rubbish heaps on a windy day might defy even the efforts of the best department to be found. The matter is one demanding attention, and back yards should be cleared of the dangers.

"Lincrusta Walton," the most popular of all wall decorations at John Weller's 31 to 33 Fort street. •

The genuine Mason's porcelain lined top fruit jars and jelly glasses at Shore & Anderson's, No. 107 Douglas street. No trouble to open them.

Japanese paper napkins for picnicing at Daisy's. •

OUR OTTAWA LETTER.

AN OFFER OF RECIPROCITY FROM THE STATES.

Where the Cabinet will Spend their Holidays—The Crops—A Good Outlook—The Behring Sea and Atlantic Fisheries Questions as at Present Understood.

[From our own Correspondent.]

OTTAWA, June 21.—For some years past the cry has been among Government supporters in Canada that there was no use going hat in hand to the United States asking for reciprocity as for a certainty it could not be obtained. In other words, Canada had no desire to be humiliated requesting an impossibility. It now turns out that the McKinley tariff bill, before the United States senate, is likely to include a provision authorizing the free admission into the United States of all goods the produce of countries which levy no duties upon American products, and no duties upon exports. Anyone can see at a glance that this is a direct offer of unrestricted reciprocity, which comes not from any senator or congressman, but straight from President Harrison and Secretary Blaine, the heads of the United States executive. A few days ago President Harrison sent to the senate a message enclosing a letter from Mr. Blaine upon the subject of reciprocal trade relations with other countries, suggesting that the McKinley tariff bill be amended so as to authorize the President to declare the ports of the United States free to the products of any American nation upon which no export dues are charged, so long as such nation shall admit free to its ports the manufactures and products of the United States.

A CLAUSE TO THE TARIFF BILL.

In accordance with that suggestion Mr. Hale of Maine, Mr. Blaine's special representative in the senate, has given notice that he will move to add a clause to the tariff bill authorizing the President without further legislation "to declare the ports of the United States free and open to all the products of any nation of the American hemisphere, upon which no export duties are imposed, whenever and so long as such nation shall admit to its ports, free of all national, provincial, state, municipal and other taxes, flour, cornmeal and other breadstuffs, preserved meats, fish, vegetables and fruits, cottonseed oil, rice and other provisions, including all articles of food, lumber, furniture and all other articles of wood, agricultural implements and machinery, mining and mechanical machinery, structural steel and iron steel, rails, railway cars and supplies, street cars, refined petroleum or such other products of the United States as may be agreed upon." In view of these matters it is needless to say that Americans are opposed to unrestricted reciprocity. What action the Canadian Government will take to meet the wishes of the United States people, under the new order of things, remains to be seen.

HOLIDAY MAKING.

The Cabinet was in session all day to-day, finishing up the work now under the consideration of the executive prior to the ministers leaving for their summer holidays. Sir John Macdonald and Lady Macdonald will leave in their palatial car, "Earnscliffe," on Thursday next for their summer residence, River du Loup, while Sir John H. (Thomson) and Lady Macdonald will sail on Wednesday, as I already telegraphed you, for Europe. Hon. Geo. E. Foster and Mrs. Foster will next month go to New Brunswick and spend a short holiday by the sea. Hon. C. H. Tupper will join his family at Picton, N. S., where they have been for the past two or three weeks. Manitoba and the Northwest, if not British Columbia, will see the presence of Hon. Dewdney, Minister of the Interior, and Hon. McKenzie Bowell, Minister of Customs, will also take a trip to the West, more in the way of business than pleasure. Mr. Bowell is one of those men who bears his labors lightly, and extracts pleasure instead of toil from attending to his official duties. The Minister of War, Sir Adolph Caron, will take in some of the militia camps during the summer, and will also put in a few weeks at his home in Quebec.

Hon. John Costigan is a devoted disciple of Izaak Walton, and a few fishing expeditions up the Lievre and a run to his constituency will comprise his outing. Sir Hector Langevin travels but little, unless compelled to do so, and his colleague, Hon. J. A. Chapleau, will visit the New Hampshire coast. Hon. John Carling goes to London, Ont., and Hon. John Haggart will go—no one knows where. Hon. Mr. Colby has been at his home in Stanstead for some time past.

SIR JOHN THOMPSON'S MISSION.

I wired the TIMES a few days ago the nature of the mission of Sir John Thompson to Europe, so far as it is known to the general public. There is in the first instance the Behring Sea troubles, which are evidently no nearer a settlement than they were years ago. One is tired hearing the old old story that "negotiations are progressing satisfactorily towards solution," and still time brings no remedy. The circumlocution office must needs move slowly, but slow as it does go, more than sufficient time has elapsed to have these outrageous seizures on the Pacific coast finally disposed of. It is to be expected that the visit of the Minister of Justice to Downing street will aid in bringing about a speedy settlement of these troubles. Then there is the Atlantic fishery question which still stands in abeyance. The information gathered by the Hon. C. H. Tupper, while in Washington very recently, will materially strengthen the hands of the Minister of Justice in pushing forward this and the first mentioned question. There is also the Copyright Act, the question of immigration and the expenditure of the vote of $100,000 to aid in populating the Northwest which Sir John Thompson will discuss with the High Commissioner, Sir Charles Tupper.

THE CROPS.

From all parts of the Dominion the Minister of Agriculture has information that the crops will be more than an average. All that is wanted in this vicinity is a little more warmth, and an abundant harvest will be ensured. Robertson, of the dairy department of the experimental farm, is in readiness to leave for British Columbia where he will deliver a number of lectures on dairying. Mr. Robertson, who came here from the Guelph model farm, is well up in his profession, and under his management the dairy department is sure to be a success. SLABTOWN.

A SILLY ARREST.

A Young American Locked Up for 3 Days for Insulting Emperor William.

NEW YORK, June 30.—Joseph Jonasson, who was arrested by the German authorities in Berlin several weeks ago, charged with having disrespectfully spoken of the Emperor, arrived here on the steamer Alaska to-night. He is the son of Meyer Jonasson, of the well known firm of Meyer Jonasson & Co., furriers. "About midnight," said he, "I was awakened at my room by some policemen who told me I was under arrest for having insulted the Emperor by calling him hard names. I could not understand the whole affair; I did not remember saying anything insulting about him as I had not been with anyone that evening. However, my protests were of no avail and I was taken off by the police official in authority and there plainly charged on what I had been arrested. I had spoken insultingly of the Emperor and had done so in hearing of two medical students on whose testimony the arrest had been made." "Did you make any protest" asked the reporter. "Of course I did, I strongly protest that I was innocent and that it was an outrage to lock me up. It did not go and I was locked up and there I remained for three days. I wrote my friends to get me out but they could not. I had uttered seditious language it was said, an offence that was a serious one. I tried hard to secure an examination, but it was not until I had been in prison three day that I was brought before the court. The charge was then investigated, and only one of the students appeared, and he testified that he was drunk the night of the arrest, and likely was mistaken about the language I had used. The court seemed to think the student might have been mistaken, and I was discharged. Immediately upon my discharge I called upon Minister Phelps, and stated the case to him. He listened attentively, but said he could do nothing for me. Before leaving Berlin I employed a lawyer to bring suit for false imprisonment. I shall wait until I learn what developments have taken place before making a complaint to the State Department. I never indulged in the talk charged against me. The arrest was a silly affair, even if the charge was correct, but in my case it was not so.

THE CENSUS.

Semi-Official Returns form the Principal Cities of the United States.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—Superintendent Porter makes a guess at the population of the United States. His guess in rounds numbers is 64,500,000. The official returns will all be made out within the next thirty days and the figures will be known to a certainty. Instances in which a recount has been allowed are few, although every village in the country which is disappointed in the outcome wants another go at solving the population problem. The returns from the cities given below have been announced in a semi-official way thus far:

Brooklyn	800,670	Louisville	180,000
Baltimore	500,000	Milwaukee	20 ,000
Boston	417,720	Minneapolis	185,000
Buffalo	250,000	New York	1,627,227
Cincinnati	300,000	New Orleans	140,000
Chicago	1,085,000	Philadelphia	1,040,450
Cleveland	245,000	Pittsburg	250,000
Columbus	114,000	St. Louis	440,000
Detroit	197,000	St. Paul	138,000
Grand Rapids	80,000	Washington	230,000
Indianapolis	117,000		

LORD CARNARVON.

The Eminent English Statesman Dead—His Successful Career.

LONDON, June 28.—The Earl of Carnarvon is dead. The deceased statesman was one of the most conspicuous figures in British political life for many years, and was known especially to the leading men of the colonies, having filled the position of Colonial Secretary at a time when important questions were being settled. He was born in 1831 and was consequently 59 years of age. His first office was that of High Steward of the University of Oxford, to which he was nominated by Lord Derby, and in 1858-9 he was appointed Secretary of State for the colonies having served as Under Secretary for a short time previously. He may be called the parliamentary father of the Canadian confederation, for, on February 19, 1867, he moved the second reading of the British North America Act—one of the largest and most important measures which it had been the duty of any colonial minister to submit to parliament. Subsequently, in 1874, he was for the second time appointed to the same office and in 1878 resigned because the British fleet had been ordered to proceed to the Dardanelles. Lord Carnarvon was Lord Lieutenant of Ireland from 1885 to 1886, under Lord Salisbury's first administration. The deceased statesman was a prominent Mason, and possessed considerable literary ability. He was a fine specimen of an English statesman—of that class which place country and patriotism above every other consideration, and who serve their country from purely unselfish motives. His son, Lord Porchester, succeeds to the title.

Arrived.

Bass XXXX Ale (Lamb's Wool) at the Occidental Hotel bar. •

Self-wringing mops at McLennan & McFeely's, 77 Yates street. •

TO-DAY'S DISPATCHES.

O'CONNOR AGAIN DEFEATED IN AUSTRALIA.

General Middleton Will Resign—A Young Man who Served Three Days in a German Prison for Nothing—The "Brass Pounders" Strike in New Orleans.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 30.—A special despatch from Newburgh, N.Y., says that Edward M. Doyle, who was arrested there last night by a detective from Portland, Oregon, for embezzlement and grand larceny, is a carpenter, and had a contract to build a home for St. Mary's, Catholics, at Beaverton. He presented an order to the bishop for $10,000, purporting to come from the church, and he received the money, besides various other amounts from other parties, in all about $6,000. He had been married three time, and all his wives are living. First he obtained a divorce from the second, who lives here with her children, and the other, the detective who came here for him says, he married there two months ago.

They Won't Work Overtime.

NEW YORK, June 30.—A dispatch received in this city to-day from New Orleans states that never since the strike in 1883 has the Western Union telegraph office in that city been more seriously crippled than now. Eighteen men on the night force have resigned and gone elsewhere to seek employment. The reason for this is that the management refused to allow the men pay for overtime. It not infrequently happens that the men are obliged to work from one to five and in some cases six hours without compensation. The departure of the eighteen operators has entailed an extra amount on those left behind and everyone on the force except one man signed a petition in which the company is requested to pay for overtime. The petitioners said if the request was denied they would resign. The company replied that their resignations would be accepted. This is the most important office in the South and the public sympathy is with the boys and on Tuesday night the office will be practically deserted.

The Sleeping Beauty.

BUFFALO, June 30.—Attica's sleeping beauty, Mrs. Emma Althouse who has been puzzling the doctors and scientists for the last three years has undergone a wonderful change in her condition. Wakefulness has succeeded the trances which used to last from 30 to 37 days. The change began to manifest itself about two weeks ago, when periods of slumber gradually decreased from an average of 10 to 23 days until the trances lasted only a day at a time. Then her condition became normal and now the periods of sleep are steadily decreasing and Mrs. Althouse remains awake for forty-eight hours at a time, sleeping about four hours at the end of that period. What the outcome will be cannot be predicted.

A Revival of the Hatfield-McCoy Feud.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., June 30.—News has just been received here of another bloody outbreak in Logan county, directly attributable to the Hatfield-McCoy feud. On Friday evening Chas. and James Justice met Anse McCoy. There was bad blood between the men, and a desperate fight ensued. McCoy was literally cut to pieces, being stabbed nine times. He used his revolver with telling effect, however, and both of the Justices were seriously wounded. The Justices are cousins of the Hatfield family. On Saturday Governor Fleming withdrew the rewards offered for the capture of Frank Phillips, Jim McCoy and nine others of the McCoy gang. It is feared that this may embolden them and cause more trouble.

The Terrible Heat.

CINCINNATI, June 30, 10 a. m.—The torrid weather continues with the mercury at ninety. At this hour there is a breeze from the west with indications of rain. Five cases of sunstroke were reported, two of which were fatal. George Wirch expired at the corner of Gest and Hirtin streets at half past eight o'clock and Clinton Seymour was found dead in his room at 32 Elm street. Seymour had apparently been dead several hours when discovered as his skin was beginning to peel off.

The high temperature of the past nine days in the middle of the Mississippi Valley was broken to-day in Indiana, Illinois, Missouri, the western part of Tennessee and Kentucky, probably this relief will continue for the rest of the week.

He Didn't Get His Pension.

NEW YORK, June 30.—A veteran of the 30th regiment of New York volunteers named Wm. Schultz suicided this morning at 126 East Third street by shooting himself through his heart. In the failure to procure the pension and refusal admission to soldiers home is supposed to be the cause. He will be buried at the expense of the waiters society of humanity of which he was a member.

Eyraud in France.

PARIS, June 30.—Michael Eyraud, the murderer of M. Gouffe, the court bailiff, who was arrested in Havana, was brought in custody of the French detectives from that city to St. Lazare on the steamer Lafayette, arrived in Paris this morning.

Will Buy Out the Roach's.

NEW YORK, June 27.—A company of British capitalists has been formed to acquire from the representative of the late John Roach the ship-building yards and engine works at Chester, Penn., and the Morgan iron works in this city. The new incorporation is to be known as Roach's Ship-building and Engineering Company, (limited), and it has been incorporated in Great Britain. The capital is to be £500,000.

Death of an Aged Millionaire.

WINSTED, Conn., June 30.—Hon. Wm. L. Gilbert, aged 84, died near Toronto, Canada, yesterday, whither he went several weeks since on business. He was prominently identified with many large factories and banking interests in Winsted, and leaves a fortune estimated at $3,000,000. He built the Gilbert home at Winsted, costing $500,000.

A Distillery Destroyed.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., June 30.—The immense plant of the Allan Bradly distillery at Southall and Thorn streets was completely burned this morning. Loss, $150,000; fully insured. The distillery was formerly the celebrated Newcomb-Buchanan Company. The Allen Bradly Company is headed by Marshall Allen of New York, one of the greatest distillers in the world, and Bradley of Frankfort.

A Buenos Ayres Bank Suspends.

LONDON, June 30.—A Buenos Ayres dispatch to the Times says the National Bank suspended Saturday last, shares fell from 168 to 100 finally closing at 118 as a consequence became panicky and feeling of general mistrust pervaded commercial and financial circles. Gold premium 148.

ADVANCE AUSTRALIA.

Stansbury Proves Invincible and is Now the World's Champion.

SYDNEY, N. S. W., June 30.—The retrial of the rowing race of Monday last between Stansbury of New South Wales and William O'Connor of Canada took place on the Paramatta River to-day. Stansbury is again a winner, and in the result stands champion of the world.

HE HAD TO RESIGN.

Gen. Middleton Will Leave Canada—Why He Resigned.

OTTAWA, June 30.—The Government newspapers confirm the fact that Gen. Middleton has put in his resignation to the Government. It will expire to-morrow. It is expected that after leaving Canada he will take up his residence in the south of France. It was expected at one time that he would resign in the fall after he had inspected the militia camps, but public opinion, was expressed through the press, both on this side and the other side of the Atlantic, gave him no other course to pursue than to leave the service. That he was advised to do so by the Government is pretty certain.

Dewdney returns here from Cape Breton on the 8th and proceeds to the west coast a couple of days afterwards.

PERSONAL.

Movements of Well Known People in Various Directions.

H. Arkell, of Vancouver, is in the city.

R. Gibson, of Toronto, is at the Driard.

Miss Mary Scott, of California, is at the Roccabella.

D. R. Harris came down from Vancouver last night.

S. Leiser was among the passengers from the Mainland last night.

W. A. Russell returned last night from a trip to the Mainland.

W. F. Bullen returned last night from a business trip to the Mainland.

Hon. F. G. Vernon came down from the Mainland by the steamer Islander las night.

E. C. Baker has returned to Victoria from a business trip to the Mainland.

Capt. Smith of the steamer Etta White, has been calling on old friends to-day.

Capt. Urquhart, Robt. Irving and S. Wait were among the passengers down by the Islander last night.

C. Sweeny, manager of the Bank of Montreal at Vancouver, came over with Senator Drummond last evening.

Miss M. Craig, school teacher in Vancouver, arrived over on Saturday evening and will spend the holidays in this city.

Miss A. E. Gardiner, one of Nanaimo's most popular school teachers, is in Victoria spending the vacation with her relatives.

F. D. Palmer, who has been looking after the interests of the Imperial Government on the repairs to the Amphion, leaves for home to-morrow.

Mr. Robie L. Reid, of Fairhaven, is in the city. Mr. Reid says information has been made public which settles the question that Fairhaven is to be the terminus of the Great Northern Railway.

Mr. R. B. Angus, of the C.P.R. Company, brother of the Messrs. Angus of this city, and Mr. J. A. Angus, arrived last night in company with Mr. Van Horne, and are guests of Mr. Forrest Angus, at the Oaks.

Mr. William Palmer, one of Nicola's big stock raisers, paid this city a visit last week in connection with mining, a business he has pursued for several years past with considerable vigor. Mr. Palmer is of the opinion that the Stump Lake mines will prove extremely valuable property, in which event a fillip will be given to business which will give Kamloops a boom. Speaking of grass and grasshoppers, Mr. Palmer says "there is plenty of the former and a marked scarcity of the latter, a feature which will doubtless preclude the necessity of another indigent fund. Mr. Palmer begs leave to state that he was not a recipient of any of the boodle so generously contributed by the Government and so equitably distributed withal. The grasshoppers slighted him in their pilgrimage through Nicola.

Oh! what a day! St. George's Picnic to-morrow.

[illegible]

At Dixi H. Ross & Co.

[illegible]

Of the Delhi Reporter—a well known journalist says: "I consider Burdock Blood Bitters the best [illegible] and would not be without it on any account. It should be kept in every house in the land." •

[illegible]

The Driard Transfer Co. [illegible] Government street, [illegible] with all trains and steamboats. Baggage checked to Puget Sound and all eastern points. [illegible]

ROCKY MOUNTAIN CLUB.

RECORDS OF MEETINGS BY THE HISTORIAN.

Two Wonderful Bear Stories—A Sleighing Song—Happy Bill's Revenge—The Dicky Bird's Song—Lost Creek Jim—Visiting Rounds, etc., etc.

IX.

TWO BEAR STORIES.

"While I was on Skeena river," said Judge Songall, "I used to pick up a great many Indian yarns. There was scarcely a man, I suppose, who had not been through some queer adventure or other. One for instance, Willie the Bear, is beautified by a curtain of black before one eye, and like Moore's famous Prophet of Khorassan, the First Mahdi, may be described as 'an ill-favored gentleman with a veil.' Indeed the analogy goes further, for a greater rogue don't live. It is four years since he, then just full grown, came over from the neighboring Naas valley with dispatches for the Hudson's Bay Company at the Forks of Skeena. A boy was with him, but for some reason was delayed at starting, and allowed Willie to get about a mile or two ahead. As Willie tramped slowly along the trail through the bush, bent down by the weight of his pack, garnished with axe, frying pan and coffee pot, he saw a big black bear just ahead. Coming quickly upon her he was so surprised that his rifle, ill-aimed I suppose, only just wounded the beast and made her savage. At the same moment a grown cub appeared. The two appealed to force of arms, which in bears is too close a hug for a man's comfort. Willie attempted a movement to the rear, but managed to dig the tail end of his snowshoes into the side of the trail and fell heavily backwards. Accounts vary as to the length of the fight, but Willie held his own with a sheath knife; and since there was only room for one of the bears to attack at a time, garnished the big brute with as many holes as go to the lid of a pepper pot without getting back more than he gave. How long this would have lasted none knows, for by last accounts Willie felt the warm tongue of the bear licking his cheek, and found it soft and pleasant. But now the boy came up, and at his first shot one bear fell dead and the other went away. It was midsummer before Willie decided to get well; and now he looks out on the world through one eye, talks badly with a big broken crack of a mouth, and laughs about it. As to his nose, and off eye and cheek, he explains cheerfully enough: "Bear, he eat him, he skin make my house warm."

"Another man I know was out hunting, and climbing over a big log, had just got both knees on it when a grizzly bear, disturbed I suppose in his winter sleep, crawled sleepily out from under him. No sooner did Charles see the head and shoulders than he stooped down and caught the animal by the scruff of the neck and held on for dear life. The bear was too surprised and disgusted to struggle; and pretty soon a long knife well delivered between the ribs settled the matter for good. As Charles manages to explain in Chinook the grizzly is a kind of beast that can be killed in a dozen places and yet not die."

Then Mackie delivered himself of the following song:

SLEIGHING SONG.

Loose the reins! Let whip and bridle
Rouse the swift, and speed the idle;
Ere the city's left behind us,
Ere the drifting snows shall blind us,
While the moonlight cheers the way,
O'er the broad snows glide and away.

CHORUS—Carol then the gladsome chorus,
Health and strength and life before us,
Let the churlish north winds blow,
Bells shall flaunt them o'er the snow.

See the mighty pine trees bending,
See the massy gloom impending,
And the ambush'd moon's sly glances,
Aiming down the rifts bright lances,
Rays of hope in midnight's home,
Echoes of the starry dome.

CHORUS—Carol then, etc.

Let not wind or frost distress thee,
Glowing health has come to bless thee,
And the shadows of thy sorrow,
Fade as shall this dusk to-morrow,
Life's but laughter o'er the snows,
And beyond a welcome glows!

CHORUS—Carol then, etc.

X.

HAPPY BILL'S REVENGE—THE DICKEY BIRDS—POETRY—VISITING ROUNDS—LOST CREEK JIM.

"Well, is there any news of Happy Bill—Fetitious William, so to speak?"

"Yes, Jack," said a Local Constable, "my old woman's kinder religious, and she had him and a few more to tea last night. And Bill sez—sez he, 'I been today to see a man, up the hill, whose soul is sick unto death; but I guess he's not exactly responsible,' sez he, ''cause he's clean crazy, poor fellow.'"

"Alas," said Jack, "what foul ingratitude!"

"Who'll give us a song?"

Then rose a Down-Easter, a pale young man of the dry goods persuasion, and no principles; and amid many protests against 'poetry' recited the following:

GOSSIP.

Some dickey birds sat on a telephone line,
And the sun was bright, and the day was fine,
And the birds were chattering all together
About their friends and about the weather,
And said wicked things of relations and friends,
And wondered "where such iniquity ends:"
When alas for the gossips that it befel
That somebody rang the telephone bell!

They clutch their poor little feet round the wire,
And, lamented by numerous friends, expire,
And hung like wet clothes on the terrible line.
Oh Gossip! their fate may be any day thine;
From a [illegible], a fish bone, a choleric snuff,
Or the deadly assault of a vagabond pun,
And thy scandal cut short by such terrible knell
As sent these poor birds to the "little birds' h—l!

"Tut," said a Scotchman, "ye hae need to object. They valrses are no po'try—them's doggerel."

This excuse was readily accepted by the club, to the great indignation of the pale young man.

"Talking of poetry," said the hero of Duck Lake, "I mind a cuss as was one of McKay's scouts during the rebellion. He used to write yards of poetry, and as he lived next door he would come and read it to me o' nights. My wounds got so bad with it that the doctor threatened him with the police guardroom. Then he quit. One bit was about meeting one night at Tom Scott's—

"'Full forty men
All told, and mounted on the ground,
'And soon we'll hope to see
Rebellion crushed,
And Riel, with his rebel crew
Shot, hung, or lost.'

"I said he'd got the comma in the wrong place, but he knowed better.

"That was the best of the whole lot. There was some good things happened when we was all shut up in Prince Albert. There were two lines of defence, besides the men posted on the four forts, for the place is near six mile long. There was the line of us civilians all along the back of the river flat between the swamp and the hills, and Mounted Police patrols on the trails and along the top of the hills, which is the prairie level. A policeman was riding along one night waking up the civilian picquets—he took care to disarm them always first, because they all had their shot guns loaded to the muzzle with deer balls, buckshot and old iron, which might go off. Suddenly he heard something across the swamp: a volunteer office visiting rounds on foot, and it being dark he'd lost the trail.

"Halt! Who goes there?"

"Visiting Rounds."

"Advance, visiting Rounds and be recognized!"

"He'd recognized him all right by that time, but had an old grudge agin him and wouldn't let on he knew.

The officer began sidling off to the left.

"Advance and be recognized!"

Then he began sidling off to the right.

"Advance or I fire!"

Then poor Rounds he hears the click of a Winchester across the swamp, and begins to wade through, way up over his boots. When he comes up out of the swamp and raising a smell you could hear for miles, the policeman rides off quietly so as not to be known who he was, saying solemnly, "All's well!"

And Rounds was left cussing.

"Boys," said Jack, "I want you to do all the swearing you can to-night."

"What's that for, Jack. I guess we can accommodate you."

"Well, you see there has been no cussing and the collection plate's empty."

"What, are you hard up, old man?"

"No, Tom, it's not that. But there's poor old Lost Creek Jim just in from Wild Horse Creek on the Kootenay."

"Ah," said an old miner, tenderly, "Many's the time he and I's been drunk together." There were tears in his eyes as he recalled these pleasures gone by.

"And he's broke," continued Jack, "and both feet frozen so that he'll probably lose one or both, the doctor says. There's no room in the hospital, and the shanty where he is, is not mudded so that the snow drives in. I let him have all the fines collected for cuss words this week, instead of setting up the drinks, and to-morrow I'm going to move him down here."

"I guess you needn't wait for cuss words, Jack, although I'll contract to supply all you want, if you can't worry along without 'em. Why not hand round the hat, or start a subscription list, eh boys?"

There were tears in his eyes, when Jack added up and found a total for Jim of nearly seventy dollars.

(To be Continued.)

THE MYSTERY SOLVED.

An Australian Explorer of 1847 Who Was Never Heard of.

Men familiar with Australian history will remember the young German doctor, Ludwig Leichardt, who, nearly half a century ago, travelled for sixteen months in the interior of Australia, far surpassing all his predecessors in the extent of his discoveries.

Just as the notable services of Sir John Franklin amid the Arctic ice were almost forgotten in the absorbing interest of the mysterious tragedy that ended his life, so the memory of Dr. Leichhardt's brilliant success has been dimmed by the long-discussed mystery of his second great undertaking. He was swallowed up somewhere in the thirsty lands of inner Australia, leaving no trace that search parties and explorers have been able to find. Now comes the news that relics of the ill-fated explorer have been discovered in Northwestern Australia, and so much credence is given to the report that the Melbourne branch of the Australian Geographical society has sent an expedition to see if the mystery of 42 years ago is solved at last.

He started from Moreton bay in 1847 to cross the continent through its central portion from east to west. Four months later the last tidings ever heard of him came from Fitzroy downs, in inner Queensland. He was then striking west. Not for two years was much anxiety felt regarding the little party. Then began the series of search expeditions, stimulated by offers of large rewards to those who should relieve Leichhardt or learn his fate. For the next twenty years all sorts of rumors were current. One party alleged that it had found his day book. Another reported that it had met one of his comrades, who was living among savages, and learned of the tragic fate of the party. But no trustworthy exploror was ever able to substantiate any of these stories, all of which were discredited. No relics of the unfortunate party were ever produced, and the reward offered for tidings of Leichhardt has never been paid.

The present report seems to rest on a rather unsubstantial basis, though many are very hopeful that the right clew has been found at last. A number of months ago Alexander McPhee, who is said to be a responsible person, heard at La Grange bay, in the Kimberley district, on the northwest coast of Australia, that a white man was living among the natives several days' journey to the southwest. He visited this tribe and found among them a man approaching white in color who, however, was clearly the American type. This result of his journey had no importance but he was told by the tribe of another people living further southwest, who possessed a hatchet and quite a number of other relics of a party of white men who many years ago had died of thirst not far from them. Only the older men of the tribe could remember the white men. The party consisted of two white men and two clothed blacks, and they had two horses. They came from the northeast. This part of the Australian waste is almost destitute of water except in a few rocky reservoirs. The natives said they would not tell the whites where water might be found, for their own supply was scanty. The party pursued their desperate quest, and shortly afterward the natives found the remains of the horses, who had evidently perished first, and then the bodies of the men were discovered. The tribe had still in their possession besides the hatchet, some implements and straps found on the horses and bones both of men and animals.

Not a few Australian explorers have lost their lives in the interior wastes, but the fate of all of them, except that of Leichhardt, has been clearly revealed. If it is true that explorers perished near the northwest coast of the continent, there is no doubt that it was the Leichhardt party, and that he or some members of his little band had nearly completed the formidable journey he undertook. The expedition which has left Melbourne has been instructed to make the most thorough investigation, and if convinced that the mystery of Leichhardt's fate has been solved at last to mark the scene of his final sufferings with a stone pyramid.

A Warning.

MR. EDITOR,—It is a well-known fact that the majority of people are inclined to look upon a cold in the head as a matter of little importance—involving at the most only a temporary inconvenience. No more disastrous mistake was ever made. The neglected cold in the head is the source of the catarrhal affections with which about seven-tenths of the people of this country are afflicted, and catarrh itself is too often the preliminary stages to consumption and death. The symptoms of catarrh are manifold, but among them may be mentioned, offensive breath; dull, oppressive headache; offensive droppings from the nostrils into the throat and bronchial tubes; deafness or partial deafness; constant hawking and spitting; weak and watery eyes; a hacking cough and feeling of general debility; ringing in the ears and frequent dizziness. These are but a few of the more general symptoms, and those who experience them should lose no time in applying a remedy. Delays are proverbially dangerous, and in the case of this too prevalent disease may lead to death. We offer Nasal Balm to the public as a positive cure for cold in the head and for catarrh in all its forms and stages. Nasal Balm has been tested in thousands of cases, and the testimonials in our possession prove that it is all we claim for it. It has cured other sufferers, it will cure you. It is easy to use, pleasant and agreeable and does not require a douche, or any torturing instrument to apply it. Give it a trial and be convinced of its great efficacy. Sold by all dealers or sent post free on receipt of price 50c. for small or $1 for large size bottles by addressing Fulford & Co., Brockville, Ont. daw

Steam Laundry, telephone No. 497. Branch offices, 74 Yates street and Trounce alley. *

Aspinall's Enamel for renovating and beautifying everything (150 colors). No house should be without it. 50 cts. per tin. Adderley. 115 Government St. *

Always Clear. Never Musty

"Montserrat"

(Trade Mark.)

Pure Lime Fruit Juice.

What is lime juice? This question is rendered necessary by the prominent attention Lime Juice is attracting as the best temperance beverage. The answer is that it should be the juice of the lime fruit without admixture. By the "MONTSERRAT" Company alone is the lime fruit cultivated for this purpose, and great care should be taken to obtain this brand (as supplied to the British Government), in lieu of the numerous concoctions sold under the name of Lime Juice Cordials, Prepared Lime Juice, etc.

Sold by all druggists, grocers and at the leading hotels.

Sole consignees of the Montserrat Company (Limited.)

Evans and Sons, Ltd.

Montreal and Toronto.

Je30-eod-3m.

TWO CARS

OF

Jubilee Ranges,
Cook Stoves,
Wringers,
Mangles.
Family Scales,
Grates,
Mantles,
Tiles,

AND

GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS

AT

McLennan & McFeeley's,

70 YATES STREET.

PRO BONO PUBLICO.

For a Good Cheap and Reliable Watch go to

G. B. PARRY.

Opposition Watchmaker against high charges.

62 FORT STREET. Je16-3m

RESTAURANT & BAKERY FOR SALE.

The undersigned having decided to

Retire from Business

Offer their well established and

Profitable Restaurant for Sale.

This offer is a

RARE CHANCE

For anyone seeking to purchase

A Good Paying Business,

Which has been established for over 18 years.

STEITZ BROS.

1m3

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.

Its superior excellence proven in millions of homes for more than a quarter of a century. It is used by the United States Government. Endorsed by the heads of the Great Universities as the Strongest, Purest and Most Healthful. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder does not contain Ammonia, Lime or Alum. Sold only in Cans.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.

NEW YORK, CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS, SAN FRANCISCO.

TO-DAY WE HAVE RECEIVED

OUR SECOND CONSIGNMENT OF

FANCY DRESS SILKS

CONSISTING OF

Colored, Printed and Plain Pongees | Colored Silk Brochés,
White and Cream Royale Silks, | Satin Merveilleux, also
Colored Satin Dentelle, | Velvets in all the latest shades.

HENRY YOUNG & CO.

may19

SCOTCH HOUSE

31 Fort Street.

McLEAN & STEWART.

Our Spring Stock of Clothing is now complete.

HATS, CAPS AND STRAW GOODS IN THE LATEST STYLES.

White and Colored Cricketing Flannel Shirts.

—ALSO—

A FINE LINE OF ENGLISH GLADSTONE BAGS.

feb27 McLEAN & STEWART.

MACHINERY.

Saw, Planing, Flour, Woollen Mill and Brickyard Machinery

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

MILL SUPPLIES KEPT IN STOCK. SEND FOR CATALOGUE AND PRICES.

F. G. STRICKLAND & CO., New Westminster, B.C.

june9-ly

NELSON ISLAND GRANITE CO.

(LIMITED.)

The company is now prepared to fill all orders promptly, of the best Granite, and at the lowest possible prices.

This Granite is perfectly free from all iron rust, black knots, and other imperfections. Samples furnished on application and prices quoted. For further particulars apply to

R. L. FOX, OR TO EDWD. J. THAIN, Secretary,
P. O. Box 1,311E, Seattle. no29-6m P. O. Box 654, Victoria, B.C

A. J. ROWBOTHAM

Desires to notify the public that having purchased the business of

MR. J. C. DEVLIN,

Corner of Yates and Broad Streets,

He is prepared to supply

Groceries,
Flour, Feed
and Provisions.

AND ESPECIALLY

FINE TEAS, COFFEE AND SPICES

At reasonable rates.

P. O. box 468. Telephone 168.

June 7-1m

NOTICE.

AS I AM SHORTLY LEAVING THE CITY, notice is hereby given that all accounts against me will be paid on presentation on or before July 31, 1890, and I also request all persons indebted to me to settle their accounts before that date. If outstanding accounts are not paid by that time they will be placed in the hands of my attorney for collection.

RICHARD HILBERT.

Victoria, June 28. je28-td

SMOKE

KURTZ & CO.'S

Celebrated brands of

HAVANA CIGARS.

my1-1m

QUEEN CITY

Building, Loan & Saving Association.

LIMITED LIABILITY.

INCORPORATED MAY 6, 1890.

The annual general meeting of the members will be held in Harmony Hall, View street, at 8 p. m., on Wednesday, the 18th instant, for the purpose of electing a board of directors and officers for the ensuing year. By order

Jy8-td B. WILLIAMS, Sec. pro tem.

JAPANESE BAZAAR,

41 FORT ST., VICTORIA.

PER S. S. ABYSSINIA:

Fine Silk, [illegible] Brackets and Cabinets, Chinese shops and other Goods, Mats, Reed and Bamboo Blinds, Cotton and Hemp Carpets, Fine Tables.

Stock removed from Government St. still selling very cheap.

MARCHANT, FUTCHER & CO.

jne1

MRS. McGREGOR,

MID-WIFE

Has Diploma from the University of Edinburgh.

—RESIDENCE—

Corner Douglas and Cormorant Streets.

fe1dd

LEGAL NOTICES.

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

Part of Subdivision Lot 2 and another part (? acres) of section XXXIV Esquimalt District.

A CERTIFICATE of INDEFEASIBLE TITLE to the above lands will be issued to [illegible] Thomson on the 1st day of July, 1890, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the undersigned in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said lands or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT, Registrar-General.

Land Registry office, Victoria, 16th April, 1890. ap16-2m

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

Lot 23 in the City of Victoria.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT a [illegible] of the above lot in the name of Robert Purvis McLennan and Edward John McFeely as owners, in fee, as tenants in common, in pursuance of an order of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, made on the [illegible] day of March 1890, by the Hon. Mr. Justice Drake, unless cause be shown to the contrary in writing within three months from the date hereof.

C. J. LEGGATT, Registrar-General.

Land Registry office, Victoria, 2nd April, 1890. ap2-3m

LAND REGISTRY ACT.

Part of Section 20 Range VIII, Quamichan District.

A CERTIFICATE OF INDEFEASIBLE TITLE to a portion of the above mentioned section will be issued to Henry Fry, Junior, on the 18th day of July, 1890, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the undersigned, in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in such portion of said section or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT, Registrar-General.

Land Registry office, Victoria, 18th April 1890. ap18-2m

"LAND REGISTRY ACT."

Lots 38, 40, 41, 47, 267, 1190 the N. ½ of Lot 25, the easterly ½ of Lot 74, and parts of Lots 277 and 278 in the City of Victoria.

A CERTIFICATE OF INDEFEASIBLE title to the above mentioned lands will be issued to Walter Scott Chambers on the 8th day of August, 1890, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to the undersigned, in writing, by some person claiming an estate or interest in said lands, or some part thereof.

C. J. LEGGATT, Registrar-General.

Land Registry office, Victoria, 7th May, 1890. my12-3m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT SIXTY days after date we intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase Section 12, Township 3, Graham Island, Queen Charlotte District, containing 640 acres.

THOMAS MATHEWS.
BYRON HOLMES WEST.
THOMAS McFARLANE GRAHAM.
JAMES PUSEY.

May 19th 1890. my19-2m

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, THAT sixty days after date, I intend to make application to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following tract of land, commencing at a stake on shore line, about two and a half miles south east, of Bonilla point, running south 10 chains; thence east 80 chains; thence south 80 chains; thence following shore line to point of commencement, containing 160 acres, more or less.

JOSIAH JAQUES.

Victoria, May 19th 1890. my23-2m

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT I INTEND to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works to purchase 320 acres of land near Mission Valley Osoyoos division of Yale district, commencing at post, being south west corner of Whelan's purchase claim, thence east 40 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 40 chains, thence north 80 chains to the place of commencement.

ROBERT MUNSON.

May 19th 1890. my20

PARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT MR. ALAN S. DUMBLETON, Solicitor of Supreme Court of England and British Columbia has been admitted a partner in the firm of Messrs. Walker & Pemberton, Barristers and Solicitors. The firm will on and after the 1st day of July next be carried on under the name of Messrs. Walker, Pemberton & Dumbleton. ju27-1m

NOTICE.

IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT I HAVE THIS day admitted Mr. A. J. W. Bridgman into partnership and the business hitherto carried on in my name, will, in future, be under the firm name of

A. W. JONES & BRIDGMAN,

At 38 Government street.

31st May, 1890. A. W. JONES. Jn1-1m

TENDERS WANTED.

MUNICIPAL.

Tenders will be received at the office of the undersigned between this date and Friday, the 15th day of August next, at 4 p.m., for supplying and placing in position in the City Hall Tower, in good running order,

A TOWN CLOCK,

Tenderers to furnish full descriptions of clocks submitted, with catalogue of prices thereof attached.

The Council reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

By order of the Hall Committee.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office, June 5th, 1890. je6

KELLER & BURRIS,

Manufacturers of

SEWER PIPES, TERRA COTTA,

Drain Tile, Flower Pots, Vases, and other Earthenware.

Corner Yates and Broad Streets, Victoria, B. C.

[illegible]

Victoria Building Society

A GENERAL MEETING OF THE ABOVE Society will be held at Harmony Hall, View street, on Friday, 27th June, 1890, at 8 p.m., for the purpose of holding the 25th drawing for an appropriation. [illegible] in good standing. By order,

1n23 A. [illegible], Sec'y.

INTERIOR ITEMS.

Two [illegible] Collected From the Mountain District Press.

[From the Kamloops Sentinel.]

It was reported from Kamloops on Tuesday that the Rev. P. F. Langill, of Vernon, had met with a serious accident on Sunday, through the running away of his horse. The reverend gentleman was thrown and had his leg broken between the knee and ankle. No particulars have yet been received.

Never before in the history of the province has such a blessing in the way of rain been showered up on it as during the past month. Prairie grass is better than has been known for the past decade; cattle are in prime condition; two year old steers are sold at $25; three years old, $35; and four years old, $40.

A very interesting social event was celebrated in the Presbyterian church here on Wednesday afternoon last, when Mr. J. R. Jackson, a Kettle river farmer and Miss A. B. Tannahill, of Kamloops, formerly of Grey Co., Ont., [illegible] united in holy wedlock. The [illegible] was performed by Rev. G. [illegible], of Nicola, and was witnessed [illegible] number of townspeople.

[illegible] SPALLUMCHEEN ITEMS.

[illegible] W. Patten's drying kiln caught fire the other day and was completely destroyed, together with about 5000 feet of lumber. Loss, about $300.

G. H. Rashdall is back and says Spallumcheen is good enough for him. He is welcomed by everyone.

H. Snyder has sold his driving mare to Kamloops parties. She is a gay one and there are plenty more like her up here.

Anyone wanting good farming land—who has the cash—should visit Spallumcheen before looking further; that is if they want the best in B. C.

Hogs still run at large. It is a wonder some of "would-be-first-class" farmers don't take a tumble and shut up the pests before they are shut up for them.

S. Appleby intends to skip over Shuswap lake in better time than heretofore if one is to judge by the look of his new craft and the size of the sail.

Capt. Larkin passed through the valley to-day on S. & O. business.

The machinery for Capt. Short's new boat has not arrived yet, and somebody is going to be hurt if it don't soon make an appearance. It is a shame that so much delay has been made in the delivery of this machinery, as it costs money to wait four months or more. However, if patience and perseverance will do any good the captain will get there sometime.

B. and E. Lequime, of Okanagan Mission, have opened a branch store on Kettle river, with Mr. E. Spraggitt as manager. It will be a convenience to the settlers, and it is hoped it will pay the projectors.

The steamer Okanagan makes regular trips from the head of the lake to Penticton, also from Vernon to Penticton, Capt. Gillis in charge.

[From the Kootenay Star.]

Mr. A. D. Wheeler, who is a central figure in mining operations in the Hot Springs district, was married to Miss Sutton at Tacoma on the 11th inst. The bride is a sister of Mrs. G. B. Wright.

An accident happened at the dock at Revelstoke by which a car loaded with steel rails lies submerged in the river, and the scow intended for carrying rails and flat cars to Sproat was broken from its fastenings, floating down the river two or three miles. It is expected, however, to be shortly raised again.

The new steamer Lytton, of the Columbia & Kootenay Navigation Co., makes her first trip down the Columbia on Wednesday next, taking President Van Horne and party down to inspect the new line building from Sproats to Nelson.

Although the miners of Illecillewaet feel greatly the want of capital, they are working with much courage and perseverance to bring ore out of their mines for shipment to the Revelstoke smelter.

Fourteen bears were killed near Illecillewaet this spring, ten grizzlys, two brown and two black.

A very necessary public improvement is a trail up Cariboo Creek, which will reach a mining field of great prospective value, and where work will be actively carried on this summer. Six miles would carry it to the Cariboo Creek Mining Co.'s camp and would enable them to get their ore out. Three miles further would reach an open country through which the Gold Hill mineral belt runs and where there are already ten located claims.

Mr. Brady, of Victoria, has taken a contract from the Selkirk Mining Co., to spend several thousand dollars in development, and has been working about two weeks. The tunnel on the 500 foot level which was begun by James Kennedy, and pushed in about 200 feet, will be driven 500 feet if necessary to strike the vein. The company is aiming to ship ore to the Revelstoke smelter and they have several tons of lower grades now on the dump.

McRae and Scott have begun a tunnel several hundred feet below the first one at Illecillewaet, and have got in 25 feet. They say they are entirely satisfied with the showing, and do not regret to have possession of the property again.

The Presbyterian church at Donald has been completely renovated inside and out and presents a much improved appearance. The congregation will have the benefit during the ensuing summer of a bi-monthly service, conducted by the Rev. Mr. Turner, of Revelstoke, that gentleman's circuit having been extended by the recent conference.

E. S. Wilson, John Sanderson, James Turley, Tom Ardiel, and John Bell have applied for a lease for twenty years of a bench claim of 160 acres on McCulloch Creek, to be worked as a hydraulic claim.

NELSON NOTES.

[Special Correspondent of the Star.]

Work on the C. and K. R. is progressing steadily, though the weather has been very much against it—constant heavy rains for the last month.

We expect the iron to be laid some six miles from here within the next three weeks, and to the Slocan by the early part of August. A small portion of the dump about half a mile from here, which is at present unfinished, is all that prevents track laying from going ahead at once.

I am sorry to say that a man was seriously injured the other day by the explosion of some dynamite, but is progressing favorably under Dr. Arthur's care.

Mining matters are quiet; no news having been received from the latest find up Trail creek, 20 miles south of here, but we are looking for the return of some of the men every day. When they arrive I will let you know the result.

I have just seen some very fine radishes and lettuce from Mr. McCleary's ranch across the river. I believe you will see several small farms in this section before long, as with irrigation the soil will grow anything.

Though the paymaster has not paid us a visit, business is not bad, the stores being kept pretty busy.

I have just heard that lots at Nelson averaged $450 at yesterday's sale.

A NEW DEMAND FOR BRAINS.

But they are Not Wanted Until Their Owners are Dead.

ITHACA, June 21.—Professor Burt G. Wilder, professor of physiology, comparative anatomy and zoology in Cornell University, has just entered upon a most remarkable line of investigation. Not satisfied with collecting 4,000 specimens of entire animals in alcohol, he has decided to give his attention to a careful study of the human brain by means of actual observation, examination and experimentation. For this purpose he has got together within the last year the brains of several hundred persons who died recently. Among these are the brains of philosophers, artists, business men, and even murderers. In this latter class one Meuken, the Elmira murderer, and Buloff, the Binghampton murderer. Dr. Wilder has discovered some very curious facts from his study and observations, facts which have a distinct bearing on questions of ethics, such as certain men's accountability for their crimes. By a peculiar process, Dr. Wilder hardens the brain before it is taken from the body, so that one can handle the deceased subject's thinking apparatus as easily as he can a football. Dr. Wilder is anxious to get the brains of philosophers and professors, and is on a still hunt for bequests of this kind. One prominent college president has already presented his brains at his decease, and several professors of leading educational institutions have donated their bodies as well as their brains.

Dr. Wilder has formulated some curious propositions regarding the brains of people who have been insane. Among other things, he shows almost conclusively that insanity in many cases springs from lack of cerebral nutriment consequent upon a poor blood circulation. Dr. Wilder says he hopes the newspaper editors will send in their brains as contributions to his cerebral exchequer.

The Craze For Hypnotism.

J. Mortimer Granvill writes the following letter to the London Times in protest to the craze for hypnotism:

"Let me protest," says he "in the name of common propriety, if not of common sense, against the prevailing and, it is to be feared, increasing craze for hynotism. If the medical journals, the assumed guardians of public opinion in relation to matters medical, have so far forgotten their duty to society as to give a seeming sanction to the belief that there is something new and important in hypnotism, the appeal must lie, and I venture to hope it will not be in vain, to the press generally for a distinct and warning declaration of the facts in relation to this most sinister revival of an old imposture.

Of course, every person who has had any acquaintance with the subject of biological science in the laboratory knows perfectly well that what are known as "inhibitory" influences can be exerted upon both sensory and motor centres and nerves. It is, however, not less well known that the phenomena of inhibition cannot be produced without damage to the nervous function and organism inhibited. As a matter of fact, the victims of this most pernicious craze for hypnotism will soon begin to understand, or their friends perceive, that they are simply entering what is practically a novitiate for the order of lunatics. The relief from pain or the mentally morbid 'sleep' they are winning at the hands of the hypnotizer have to be purchased at the cost of serious degradation of the will-power, and more or less of brain weakening. A really strong minded person cannot be hypnotized, such persons resist the hypnotizer, and are not hypnotized until, by repeated endeavors, they have been subjugated by a power which is at once the most tricky and demoralizing. Serpents, cats and men, possibly also certain birds of the hawk tribe, possess this power in common, and a strange possession it is, surely not one of which any intelligent and right-minded person has any cause to be proud. The exercise of this power I hold to be wholly without justification unless the circumstances be altogether exceptional. The effects produced on the subject or victim are disastrous in the extreme; and those who subject themselves to a mischievous and demoralizing influence ought at least to be warned, so that it shall be with their eyes open, and knowing the evil they are doing and daring, they make the surrender of their self-control and all reasonable claim to the privileges of self respect.

Oregonian: Ex-President Gompers of the American Federation of Labor, and Grand Master Powderly of the Knights of Labor, each make damaging charges against the other, the purport of which is that neither is in the organization which he represents for the good of the workingmen, but rather for his own aggrandizement. The quarrel between them bodes no good to labor organizations and the cause which they are supposed by their members to represent. Laborers will learn after awhile probably to depend on themselves for success in their vocation and put their surplus earnings into savings banks or land instead of using them to pay dues, fines and strike assessments in organizations that undertake to look out for their interests through motives of justice and humanity. People generally in this world are actuated by personal motives in whatever they undertake. Old Ben Franklin, wise in the lore of human nature, and well versed in the small economies that are a part of the laborer's lot, advised he who wanted a good servant and one that he liked "to serve himself," and the advice is as good as it was in the nation's small beginnings.

The WESTSIDE.

J. HUTCHESON & CO., 70 Government St., VICTORIA, B. C.

GREAT REDUCTION SALE

Commencing Wednesday, 2nd July

Owing to the unfavorable Spring weather a larger amount than usual of SURPLUS SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK is on hand. To effect a clearance we have resolved to make A BIG REDUCTION SALE commencing on Wednesday, 2nd July, when all our Departments will be overhauled and marked down to prices which are sure to make room for our FALL PURCHASES. Space will allow us merely to enumerate a few of the reductions but a visit to THE WESTSIDE will convince the most skeptical of the genuine character of this important sale.

IN DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT

THE FOLLOWING REDUCTIONS TAKE PLACE:

A line of Mottled dress goods to hand (late arrival) value for 30c., to be cut at 15c., per yard.

A splendid lot in Stripes and Checks, all wool, regular price 35c., sale price 20c., per yard.

44 in. Striped Brilliantines, regular price 75c., sale price, 50c.
44 in. Plain " " " 60c., " " 45c.

A rare lot of all wool French Foulé Cloth, double width, retails at 75c., marked down to 55c., per yard.

Remnants, Remnants, in Black and Colored, Plain and fancy dress goods and Cashmeres at prices to clear.

MANTLE DEPARTMENT.

The best selection of SHORT JACKETS in the city to be Sold Cheap.

COLORED SUMMER MANTLES, a few to be sold under cost. Regular prices $10, reduced to $5.90; regular prices $12, reduced to $6.50.

BLACK SILK DOLMANS, the entire stock reduced from $9 to $6, from $12 to $7.50, from $14.50 to $9. Also a few special pattern Dolmans to be sold under cost.

DUST CLOAKS in black and colored (all sizes), usual price $4.50, reduced to $2.90; usual price $6, reduced to $3.50.

JERSEYS, black and colored, plain and braided, reduced from $2.75 to $2.50; reduced from $4 to $2.90; reduced from $4.50 to $3.20. A big selection to choose from.

DRESSING GOWNS from $5 to $14.

Underwear and Hosiery

Ladies' Underwear in Ribbed Balbriggan, Short Sleeves 65c., reduced to 40c; Long Sleeves $1, reduced to 75c.

CHILDREN'S COTTON HOSE, plain and ribbed, black and colored, worth 40c., to be cleared at 30c. and 25c. per pair, all sizes.

REMNANTS OF PRINTS AND SATEENS, REMNANTS OF DRESS GOODS, | REMNANTS OF RIBBONS, REMNANTS IN ALL DEPARTMENTS.

Handkerchiefs from 40c., per dozen.
Gloves in Silk Taffeta and Lisle.
Lisle Gloves worth 40c., reduced to 20 and 25c.
Sunshades in Sateen. Silk and Satin reduced to cost price.

A great many more bargains will be offered on Wednesday, 2nd July, at

THE WESTSIDE

J. HUTCHESON & CO., 70 Government St.

A. W. JONES, Notary Public. A. J. BRIDGMAN, Solicitor Supreme Court, England.

A. W. JONES & BRIDGMAN,

Real Estate, Financial and Insurance Agents AND CONVEYANCERS.

Loans Effected at Current Rates.

Town and Country Properties for Sale.

Je8-1m

36 GOVERNMENT STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

DE VEULLE & CRUICKSHANK

Real Estate, Insurance Brokers and Accountants.

Money to Loan, Rents Collected and a General Brokerage Business Transacted.

Je4 NO. 12 BURNS' BLOCK.

Campbell & Simpkins

HAVE RECEIVED FIRST INVOICE OF

SPRING GOODS.

Latest Styles, Latest Fashion Plates. 88 Government Street.

THE BEST BUILDING SITES

FOR SALE IN VICTORIA.

UPPER BELCHER STREET, near the residences of Mr. Dumbleton and Major Peters—lots from one and a half to three acres. A magnificent view of the Straits, Islands and Olympian Range.

BEACON HILL PARK. A few choice lots at a low figure and on easy terms.

H. E. CROASDAILE, - 42 FORT STREET.

MISCELLANEOUS.

G. A. McTAVISH

Has at his store

-:- ON PARK ROAD -:-

A choice assortment of

VEGETABLE

— AND —

FLOWER SEEDS.

Pansy Seed of the very best strain procurable, personally selected while in Scotland from the stock of the largest Prize-Winner [in] Great Britain.

Special Prizes will be offered at the Fall Exhibition of the B. C. Agricultural Society for the best flowers raised from this seed.

STORE AND NURSERY,

PARK ROAD, VICTORIA

SHUSWAP & OKANAGON RY.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF the shareholders of the company for the election of directors and other general purposes will be held at the offices of the company, 21 Government street, Victoria, on Tuesday, the 1st of July, 1890, at 11 o'clock a. m.

M. LUMBY,
Sec. S. & O. Ry. Co.

w21

NOTICE TO GAS CONSUMERS.

GAS WILL BE SUPPLIED TO GAS Engines, Gas Stoves and high-power Gas Lamps for outside use at $1.25 per thousand feet.

High power Gas Lamps of 300 candle power and upwards will be supplied at a moderate rental.

For further particulars apply at the company's office, Langley street.

C. W. R. THOMSON,
Sec'y Victoria Gas Co., Limited.

nov23

F. T. HONE,

Masseur and Electrician

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL.

Massage Treatment

Given at Gentlemen's own houses on moderate terms. jn27-3w

MISCELLANEOUS.

CAUTION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE undersigned will not be responsible for any debts contracted in his name without a written order for same, from this date. jn3-1m
Victoria, June 2, 1890. JOSEPH LEVY.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS

Store street, Victoria, B. C.

Millers of China and Japan Rice

RICE MEAL,

Rice Flour, Chit Rice, Etc.

lau 8ly

Patronize Home Manufacture.

Field and Lawn Rollers,
Garden Wheelbarrows,
THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

Just received, a fine assortment of the best Drill Steel, cheap.

Rollers and Drills for Hire at

ONTARIO WAGON SHOP

William Powel

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.

Prescription of a physician who has had a life long experience in treating female diseases. Is used monthly with perfect success by over 10,000 ladies. Pleasant, safe, effectual. Ladies ask your druggist for Pennyroyal Wafers and take no substitute, or inclose postage for sealed particulars. Sold by all druggists, $1 per box. Address THE EUREKA CHEMICAL CO., DETROIT, MICH.

For sale by LANGLEY & CO. Victoria. nov18

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS TEST. Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of [illegible] Diseases and [illegible] by ignorance or [illegible] are guaranteed to [illegible] medicines [illegible] six boxes, [illegible] by Eureka [illegible] Before. After. [illegible] Chemical Co., Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail by LANGLEY & CO., Victoria, B.C. nov18-1y

S.S. HYAMS

ONLY OPTICIAN IN TOWN.

OPTICIAN, 21 FORT STREET, ONE DOOR from Government, Victoria, B. C. Perfected Spectacles and Eye Glasses always on hand and carefully adjusted to sight; twenty-five years' experience in fitting glasses. Satisfaction guaranteed. OPTICAL GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. dec29-1y

SUITS TO ORDER, $15.00

Now is the time to get a cheap suit. I will for the next sixty days offer my entire stock of Summer Suitings at very low prices.

$20.00 SUITS, ALL WOOL, FOR $15.00.
$25 Suits for $20. $30 Suits for $25. $35 Suits for $30.
$40 suits for $35.

Good pants to order for $5, $6 and $7, all wool, guaranteed as to fit and workmanship. Come early and secure a $15 suit of clothes.

R. J. MATTHEWS, Merchant Tailor, 101 Douglas St.

E. G. PRIOR & CO.

—— VICTORIA, B. C. ——

Gilpin and Buford Sulky Plows, Prairie Queen Breaking Plows

Essex Centre No. 30 Jointer Plows.

WHIPPLE WHEEL, ACME AND DISC HARROWS.

Hoosier Seed Drills, Pacific Seeders, Chatham Fanning Mills, Minneapolis Grain Cleaners.

Largest Assortment of Plows and Harrows IN THE PROVINCE.

See the "Brantford No. 3" Mower.

NEW MODEL FOR 1890.

The Best Machine out. Send for descriptive pamphlets or call and examine it before you go elsewhere.

Also New Pattern Tiger Sulky Hay Rakes, Self-dump

ITHACA TWO-HORSE SULKY RAKES.

NICHOLLES & RENOUF,

S. E. Corner of Yates and Broad Sts.,

VICTORIA, B. C.

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the

Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited,

At No. 87 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:

Delivered by carrier to any part of the city, per week.........25 cts.
By mail to any part of the world, per year $10.00

THE WEEKLY TIMES

Is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States, or Great Britain for $2.00 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:

MERCANTILE AND GENERAL BUSINESS ADVERTISEMENTS, inserted for a definite period of time will be charged for at the following rates:

One week	15 cts per line		
Two weeks	25	"	"
One month	35	"	"
Three months	85	"	"
Six months	$1 50	"	"
One year	2 75	"	"

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., four lines or under, 25 cents for each insertion, and pro rata for more space or longer time.

A "line" is a nonpareil line, similar to this type, twelve of which occupy one inch of space.

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SPECIAL NOTICES, set in brevier (the type used for general reading) and placed in reading columns, 25 cents a line for first insertion, and 12½ cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12½ cents for first insertion, and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.

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The above rates refer to any page except the first, which is reserved for reading matter and undisplayed advertisements.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.

Address

THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,
WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager.

THE COLONIST AND PROFESSOR HUXLEY.

The Colonist still keeps up its fight against single tax. What is its object in so doing? Having failed in its efforts to discredit Mayor GRANT as a Mayor, and as liberal minded politician, it imagines that by harping on single tax it can so work on the fears and the prejudices of property holders, both great and small, as to effect a serious breach in his prestige as a public man. There is an old adage to the effect that it is better to let "sleeping dogs lie." The Colonist, with reference to the subject it is pursuing, would do well to bear this adage in mind. Single tax is a "sleeping dog" which, if land monopolists and landlords are wise, they will refrain from arousing from his slumber. When it is remembered that single tax is not above twelve years old, and that during that short space of time it has shaken the land polity of England and of America to its foundations, has made more converts in twelve years than Christianity made in six hundred; when it is borne in mind that all those who have studied it concede its soundness as a moral proposition and dissent from it only because "vested rights" have become a fetich, when all these things are born in mind, it would appear that in arousing this "sleeping dog" for the purpose of destroying Mayor GRANT, we have that rash emulation of ACTÆON, who, for the trifling matter of using his eyes too freely while DIANA and her attendants were bathing, was transformed into a stag and eaten by his hounds. But let that pass. The Colonist quotes us Professor HUXLEY as a reputable writer on political economy. The assumption of the Colonist will surprise people who are acquainted with Professor HUXLEY's career. Professor HUXLEY is a scientist, and he has never discussed political economy except as incidental to his profession. Professor HUXLEY, besides being a scientist is an avowed agnostic, and like most agnostics is a thorough going pessimist. Has the Colonist never read his story of the "Gadarene Pig," together with his version of the crucifixion of CHRIST? In this respect he has out-ingersolled INGERSOLL. Professor HUXLEY, in a word, regards humanity as so much cattle. With him, all social and moral movements are but exemplifications of the "survival of the fittest." He is a firm believer in the inequality of man: he does not believe that conditions can be induced by which the weak shall have equal opportunity with the strong. Professor HUXLEY believes that might makes right. Might originally grabbed all the land, and according to Professor HUXLEY their descendants have a vested right in it. It is "their undoubted property," according to Professor HUXLEY. Now, if might makes right, then Professor HUXLEY is right, but then, according to his logic, suppose non-land owners, who are in the majority, should rise up in their might and force the nationalization of land, what would Professor HUXLEY say then? If might makes right, Professor HUXLEY would be compelled to join the single taxists in the event of their success. This might making right business is a two edged weapon. The advocates of the doctrine should not complain if they find it turned against themselves. But let us turn to Chapter III, Book VII, "Progress and Poverty." Although the Colonist quotes this chapter against HENRY GEORGE, we do not believe that it dare publish it verbatim. GEORGE quoting SPENCER, says: "Had we to deal with the parties who originally robbed the human race of its heritage" (the land), "we might make short work of the matter." Thus we perceive that so great an authority as HERBERT SPENCER regards modern civilization as having been "robbed" of "its heritage" and would favor a return to "first principles" only that he regards landed property which has fallen by descent to innocent heirs as sacredly theirs. Now, this is the position of Mayor GRANT, and it may be added that of the Times. Here we dissent from HENRY GEORGE. The change he proposes is too radical. Admitting that the title to private ownership of land has not a moral leg to stand on, our institutions are so interwoven with it nevertheless, that the sudden and radical transformation proposed by HENRY GEORGE is illustrative of a remedy which is worse than the disease. But space as afforded by a newspaper does not admit of a proper discussion of the subject. Since, however, the Colonist refers to "Progress and Poverty" as an argument against HENRY GEORGE, we recommend that it publish Chapter 3 of Book VII, verbatim, and follow that with Chapter 4, in which private property in land is historically considered.

CLOAK MAKERS' STRIKE.

NEW YORK, June 27.—A few days ago it was thought that the cloak makers' strike was ended. Now 200 people are starving. Men are so weakened by hunger that they stagger as they walk, and famished children are crying in vain for bread. Of the 10,000 people idle, some are barely able to live, but others are dependent on charity and have lived for days on bread and water only.

Why did the employees of the cloak manufacturers strike? Because, we suppose, they wanted higher wages. Why are these unfortunate strikers starving? Because, we suppose, their wages were so small that they could not lay up a cent over and above the cost of living. But why are these people compelled to work for a bare livelihood? Is it because of competition between themselves which the cloak manufacturers take advantage of, or is it because competition is so close between the rival cloak manufacturers that the price of labor must be reduced to a minimum? Both these considerations have the effect largely to minimize wages, but the true situation is about this: Employees take advantage of an overcrowded labor market to lower wages. They trade, in fact off the necessities of labor. Employers then combine between themselves to keep up values. What is the consequence? The consequence is, wages bear no relation to profits on sales. Notwithstanding that consumers pay good value for cloaks, the cloak maker still works at starvation wages. The employer trading off the necessities of labor on the one hand, and on the other extorting full value from consumers as the effect of combination soon gets rich. This is called "business." It is a business adjustment, however, which sooner or later will require a standing army to maintain.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

A Mainland paper says it is reported that Col. BAKER is to become a member of the Government, which of the present ministers is to get the grand bounce is not stated.

The News, contemplating the result of the recent elections, finds that all the cities went against the Government, and concludes that had the Opposition organized the campaign and sent men of ability through the districts previous to the election, that the Government would have found itself in a minority of at least three in the House."

An interesting little story is told which throws a certain amount of light upon Mr. GLADSTONE's methods of work. The right honorable gentleman usually speaks from notes, but these are often of the briefest possible description. On a recent occasion the notes for his speech on the Channel tunnel consisted of three words, which were "Champagne, Ilisens, Erotas."

Philadelphia is described as a city with no tenement houses and with more houses in proportion to population than any other city in America. The reason for this extraordinary condition of the city is shown in the report of the Pennsylvania Bureau of Industrial Statistics. From this report it appears that there are 1200 building societies in the State whose cash receipts in one year amount to over $40,000,000. These societies have a membership of 261,600, of which 81,600 are borrowers. The total assets are estimated at $94,000,000, all of which, or nearly all, is represented by mortgages on real estate. But it is in the management of these societies that the secret of Philadelphia's freedom from tenantry is to be found. The aggregate expense of conducting the immense business above stated is only $456,000 a year. It has been owing to this economy that the people are in the happy condition mentioned, and the fact may be taken as another proof of the success of co-operation when honestly conducted by a conscientious and industrious community.

It is related that in Quebec West last Tuesday the electors sat like crows on the fences, waiting for "explanations" before they would vote. The result was a rush to save the country, at how much per head rumor saith not. The politicians should really take measures to protect themselves against the black crows. What a disappointment it would be to the political carrion if they were to sit there all day and find no purchasers. But perhaps a combine in crows of bribery would invoke the terrors of last year's anti-combine law. —Toronto Mail.

Which is the worst, a dishonest electorate or a dishonest politician? It is a case of dog eat dog. The one is the natural complement of the other. Might justice be done the "black crows" should be disfranchised and the politicians put to breaking stones in some secure penitentiary. The matter viewed in the light of public utility the "crows" in question and the politicians in question are far more dangerous than murderers and incendiaries. But where is reform to take root under the circumstances? The contemplation of the superlative ignorance and dishonesty of such an electorate as the one described is enough to make angels weep. We have churches and schools, what are they good for? We have reformers, what do they avail? After all there is much to be said in favor of a despotic form of government. It is questionable whether average humanity deserves anything else.

CHAIRMAN'S REPLY TO THE COLONIST.

TO THE EDITOR: The editorial in Saturday's Colonist, criticising my previous letter, charges me specifically with deception, using the exact word in three different places, and by implication in as many more. I take it he intends this to be his text. If I meet a man on Government street walking south, and ask a man where he is going he may say to the outer wharf, but, I reply, this is not the outer wharf. No, he says, but this road leads to the outer wharf, and thus my question is answered. Does the Editor of the Colonist need to be told that that the suggestion contained in my letter, viz., to remove the taxation from improvements, and levy all the real estate tax on land alone, is simply the first step on the single tax road, "as set forth in the works of Henry George." If so, his editorial perceptions are growing dim, indeed; had he followed his nose two paces across the floor of the editorial sanctum, he would have fallen over the idea. He has read Progress and Poverty to but little purpose if he cannot add two and two together with better results than this. Although evidently a capable man at the business, even the editor of the Colonist would hardly undertake to swallow a whole pie at one swallow, yet because I confined myself to pointing out a method whereby the city could get its first mouthful of single tax pie, he accuses me of insincerity. I cheerfully submit the point to public opinion.

I was pleased to note the "diffidence" so modestly alluded to in the Colonist article, with which he writes on this question. Is it possible that Single tax, as set forth in the words of Henry George, has actually invaded the Colonist sanctum? Perish the thought! Yet, why this diffidence?

It has never been proposed by single tax men in Victoria or elsewhere to substitute Progress and Poverty for our present Municipalities Act. What we contend for and maintain is that the works on political economy written by Henry George and published under the titles of Progress and Poverty, Social Problems, Protection and Free Trade, The Land Question, and Property in Land, contain such broad, general, clear and just principles that their adoption by any municipal, county, provincial or national government would do away with the fraud, corruption, and gross inequality inseparable from our present system of taxation, which allows the rich to escape while it grinds the poor. Had the editor of the Colonist read the works he so awkwardly attempts to criticise he would probably have followed the example of much cleverer men, i.e., left the subject untouched. It almost seems as though Providence was taking a hand at single tax in Victoria. I allude to the case of the Canada Western Hotel Company, whose secretary submitted a letter to the board of aldermen last week asking certain favors at their hands, among others remission of water rates, etc., on the ground that the company expected no profits on their investment at least for some years. Among the names attached to the petition I noticed many of our leading citizens. Now, sir, it cannot be said that inability on their part was the reason which induced these gentlemen to ask to be relieved from municipal taxation for a number of years; the idea is absurd. Then what was their motive? Why, just this. They felt the injustice of the present method of taxing men for building on and improving their property and thereby enhancing the value of all other property in the vicinity, the owners of which are thereby enabled to appropriate wealth toward the creation of which they have contributed nothing. Now, substitute the new method, and see how it works: levy a tax of one and three-fifths on the cost price or market value not only of the land held by the C.W.H. Co. but adjoining lots as well, where they possess equal advantages as to site, location and susceptibility of improvement, and lay no tax at all on the improvements. It would not only relieve the stockholders of the C.W.H. Co. of the necessity of asking relief from local taxation, but also encourage them to add to rather than diminish their efforts to make their hotel the best on the coast, and an ornament and credit to our city. Would it not also induce owners of neighboring property to "get a move on," and either improve it themselves or pass it on to some more energetic parties. Here is matter for serious consideration at the hands of live men of Victoria. Remember, too, that in encouraging building and improvements you are furnishing work to the laborer and mechanic, business to the tradesman and merchant, and renewed life and activity to every legitimate city and provincial interest. Single tax as set forth in the works of Henry George will benefit the country. So by all means lets have it.

CHAIRMAN.

FOR SALE.

500 to 600 Acres of Land

on the line of the Esquimalt and Nanaimo railway within 13 minutes of Victoria. Situated on three sides of Langford Lake, and very desirable for country residences. Consisting of divisions [illegible], 117 A, 113 and 144 Esquimalt District. To be sold as a whole or in divisions. On 117 A there is a beautiful little lake the banks of which are remarkably well adapted for houses. Fine Cedar and Douglas pine on some of the land.

Tenders will be received for the whole or divisions.

Tenders to be addressed to

MRS. JOHN WATKINS,
95 Meares St.

LIVERPOOL, B.C.

The Fraser River Terminus of the New Westminster Southern Railway,

Opposite the rapidly growing City of New Westminster, and having deep water frontage on Fraser River.

The New Westminster Southern Railway runs from Liverpool to Fairhaven, Wash., where it connects with the great Northern Pacific Railway system. The Railway Company has now under construction at Liverpool a wharf 700 feet in length, costing about $10,000, and they intend to immediately erect workshops, passenger and freight stations, etc. The road is already graded between Liverpool and Fairhaven, and it is expected that trains will be in operation between the two places by 30th August, 1890.

A portion of the town site will be on the market on and after 16th June instant, and lots will be sold at low prices for a short time, and purchasers will have the benefit of first prices.

RAND BROS., General Agents,

NEW WESTMINSTER, B.C.

Dalby, Ballentyne & Claxton

AGENTS:

The British Columbia Fire Insurance Company.
The Royal Canadian Fire Insurance Company.

64 YATES STREET, VICTORIA, B. C.

"The Real Estate Exchange."

15 acres on Oak Bay Avenue.
14 1-2 acres and 7-roomed house on Cedar Hill Road, $5,000.
3 acres and nice house fronting on the Arm, $11,000.
1 corner lot on Johnson Street, 60 x 81, $18,375.
5 nice lots on Belmont Avenue, "Fernwood," $500 up
14 acres on Oak Bay Avenue, price $12,500.
2 lots and house on Kings Road, $5,750.

2 lots on Work Street, $4,000.
6 1-2 acres Esquimalt Road, $8,000.
1 good lot on Niagara Street, 57 x 135, $700.
3 good lots on Craigflower Road, $400, $425, $450.
1 acre on Tolmie Estate, $1,500.
2 lots on Cedar Hill Road, extra value, $650.
House & grounds on Gorge Road, 10,000.

2 lots on North Chatham Street, $525 and $550.
1 acre on Old Esquimalt Road, $2,100.
4-roomed cottage and lot on Randall Street, $1,800.
1 lot on North Pandora Street, $550.
5 acres on Belcher Street, $8,000.
2 lots on Toronto Street, $2,700.
40 lots on Esquimalt Road, from $225 up.

House and lot on Gorge Road, $5,250.
2 lots on Cook Street for $2,500.
1 lot on Niagara Street, $750.
2 lots on Michigan Street for $3,000.
2 1-2 acres on St. Charles Avenue, $6,000.
5 acres on St. Charles Avenue, $15,000.

Richardson, Heathorn & Jones

MANUFACTURERS' AND IMPORTERS' AGENTS,

42 YATES ST., - VICTORIA

To the Trade:

Our Representatives are on the road with the full line of

McINTYRE, SONS & CO.'S (Montreal) GOODS

Consisting of the latest novelties from the European markets. We are appointed Sole Agents for this firm in British Columbia.

McINTYRE, SONS & CO.'S SPECIALTIES

Dress Goods — Embroideries
Gloves — Notions
Velvets — Linens

PORT CRESCENT,

Ocean Terminus of the Northern Pacific Railway

THE VICTORIA, PORT CRESCENT AND CHEHALIS RAILWAY WILL BE COMPLETED BY THE 31st DECEMBER, 1891,

[…]ILL GIVE VICTORIA ITS NEAREST CONTINENTAL CONNECTION.

[…] 3,000,000 Acres of the Richest Land in the State of Washington, lying to the West and Southwest, are directly tributary to Port Crescent.

[W]e strongly recommend to our friends [a]nd the public generally the advisability of securing a few lots at present prices. Lots that to-day can be bought for […] will be worth in a few months as man[y] thousands. We have a limited number of choice lots at present on sale.

APPLY **LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.**

[…]AT IT AGAIN.

[…] Caffre Boys Guilty of Burglary […] of Their Tricks.

[…] 8 o'clock on Saturday […] Redgrave, who had […] little Caffre boys […] Baker's stores, […] vagrants and […] led in catching […] the trio turned […] gave the whole […]er. He also told […] others had rob- […] When caught […]eral trinkets on […]g place, under […] about 200 sacks […] having sold about […] dealers. Mr. Phillips […] them stealing bottles from his […]ard some time ago, and gave […] good thrashing. Thos. Carter […] them at the same trick and […] small wagon that they had. […] came down the next day […] that they had been there […] stolen back the wagon along […] number of bottles. Another […] of theirs was to sell bottles […] and get an order for the […] They would keep the order […] days and then come back […] the figure one added, which […] quite a difference in the […] They succeeded in passing […] for a time, but were finally […] Mr. Carter. The little fel- […]ared in the Police Court this […] in clothes that hardly covered […], although their father in- […] the court that he had togged […] only a few weeks ago. His […] said that he would like to send […] the reformatory for a term of […] the information, which was […] deal summarily with them was […] […]se occupied the court until 4 […] this afternoon, when they were […] to be tried by the speedy trials […] immediately.

DESERVED RECOGNITION.

[…] Acknowledgment of Mr. Chudley's Services.

[…]at may be called the final incident […]nection with the construction of […]oyal Jubilee Hospital occurred […]fternoon at 3 o'clock in the Board […]de rooms, when Mr. W. M. Chud- […] indefatigable secretary, was […] recipient of a handsome pre- […] the Hospital Committee and […] friends of the institution. It was […] fortunate selection when Mr. […]ley was named as secretary to the […] committee, for no other person […] have been chosen who would have […] more work more time and labor, […] would have been sustained in […] labors by a more indomitable deter- […] to accomplish the end in view. The splendid success which has attended the efforts of our citizens to provide an hospital in keeping with the requirements of the city, are due in no small degree to Mr. Chudley, and it is gratifying to know that his services have been appreciated and recognized. At three o'clock this afternoon the members of the committee and a number of other friends had gathered in the Board of Trade room, Mr. Chudley, on invitation, also being present, but ignorant of the subject of the gathering.

Among those present were the following gentlemen: T. R. Smith, Hon. J. S. Helmcken, ex-Mayor Fell, Dr. Jones, Capt. Warren, Jno. Teague, W. H. Ellis, Alex. Wilson, John Kinsman, Rev. Ward, Ed. McQuade, C. E. Redfern, J. Hutcheson, W. Dalby, John Braden, W. Ward, Joshua Davies, A. R. Gray, Hon. P. O'Reilly, D. R. Ker, Henry Brown, Jacob Sehl, Dr. Jones.

When Mr. Chudley entered the room he was led to a chair at the right of Mr. Smith, who unveiled and read the following address:

To WILLIAM MOORE CHUDLEY, Esq:—The general committee of the Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital, recognizing the valuable and important services you have rendered them as their honorary secretary from the inception to the completion of the philanthropic work of establishing a modern […]d well equipped hospital, in commemoration of the jubilee of Her Most […]acious Majesty the Queen, take this opportunity of recording their high estimation of your unwearying zeal in the discharge of your onerous duties.

The labors of the committee, extending over a period of upwards of three years, have been considerably lightened through your painstaking efforts, and although the accompanying purse by no means represents the intrinsic value of the excellent offices rendered by yourself, the committee ask you to accept it as a token of their appreciation and good will, and they would further extend their best wishes for the future health and prosperity of your wife and family.

Signed on behalf of the general committee.

THOMAS R. SMITH, President.

Victoria, B. C., June 30, 1890.

The address was beautifully illuminated and framed in gold. The body of the address was done in penwork and was executed by one of the Colonist's lithographic artists, and as a specimen of illuminating and engrossing was a splendid bit of work.

Mr Smith remarked that he took great pleasure in presenting Mr. Chudley with the address and purse. His many friends had wished to do more than render thanks for Mr. Chudley's services, services that were unvarying and self-denying. Mr. Chudley had been one of the prime factors in the accomplishment of the work, and the hospital stood forth an honor to the jubilee year of Her Majesty's reign. Mr Smith remarked how hard it was in most cases to get subscriptions but in this case it had been different, as all were only too willing to contribute. He hoped Mr Chudley would live long to see the Hospital he had worked so hard to create become a great good to the public. He also hoped that Mrs. Chudley would enjoy that most priceless of boons, good health. He had great pleasure in handing Mr. Chudley a purse containing $1240, as a slight token of the committee's esteem.

Mr. Chudley in reply, said it would be idle to say that he was prepared to receive such testimonial. His part in the affair had been one of compulsion, as he had from the first taken the position of secretary to help along the work, but it was due the efforts of others that the hospital had become a fact. He was at a loss for words, more so than he had been when addressing a royal personage lately, but he would say that it was with feelings of pride he looked to the hospital as it now stood. He thanked those present for the honor conferred on him, and for the present which would not be valued so much for its intrinsic worth as for the kindly feelings which prompted it.

Mr. Chudley was applauded to the echo, and his hand shaken heartily by nearly all present who congratulated him upon the address and present.

SPORTING NOTES.

Brief Resume of Sporting Matters Round Elsewhere.

One of the best games of ball ever played in Victoria was played at Caledonian grounds on Saturday afternoon between the James Bays and Victorians. From the time that Umpire Fee called "play ball" every man got down to work, and work they did till the very last ball had been thrown. Not a run was made until the fourth inning, when Gouge scored on an error. In the seventh both Gouge and Borthwick lined two-baggers, and scored. Widdowson scored in the eighth, making four runs for the James Bays with a whitewash for the Victorias. Coaching was indulged in to a greater extent than ever, by Bortwick especially, who was always a good man in that part of the game as well as behind the bat. Hannan and Jackson both put up splendid games, the former the best he has ever played. The "kicking" that took place showed that each club was anxious to win the handsome trophy offered by Messrs. Pennock & Clayton. The following is the score:

JAMES BAY.	T.B.	R.	B.H.	S.B.	P.O.	A.
Hannan, l.f.	4	0	2	3	3	1
Jackson, p.	4	0	0	0	0	12
Borthwick, c.	3	1	2	3	8	1
Williams, s.s.	4	0	0	0	0	0
Gouge, c.f.	4	2	1	1	1	0
Wishart, 1st b.	3	0	0	2	10	1
Franklin, 3rd b.	3	0	0	1	3	1
Widdowson, 2nd b.	3	1	0	1	1	6
Lorimer, r.f.	3	0	0	0	1	0
Total	29	4	5	12	27	18
VICTORIANS.	T.B.	R.	B.H.	S.B.	P.O.	A.
Geo. Gowen, s.s.	4	0	0	0	2	6
Mills, 3rd b. and p.	3	0	0	2	2	6
Dack, l.f.	4	0	0	2	1	1
Burns, c.f.	1	0	0	2	1	1
Gus Gowen, 2nd b.	3	0	1	0	1	0
Partridge, 1st b.	4	0	0	1	7	1
Till, c.	4	0	0	0	8	1
Askew, p. and 3rd b.	4	0	0	1	1	3
Baker	4	0	0	0	1	0
Total	30	0	2	4	24	14

SCORE BY INNINGS.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
James Bay	0	0	0	1	0	2	1	0	*	—4
Victorians	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

BICYCLING.

It is hoped by the officers of the Island Wanderers that as many members as possible will go to Vancouver to-morrow, that a brave show may be made there. All those who have a wheel are requested to come with the boys, as the Vancouver people have made it known that right royal entertainment will be provided.

MINING MATTERS.

Sale of the Porcupine Property to the Badger Company for $50,000.

PORT ARTHUR, Ont., June 25.—The most important mining sale that has taken place here for several years was consummated yesterday, viz., the sale of the Porcupine mine to the proprietors of the Badger Silver Mining Company for $50,000 cash, all of which goes to local owners. The Porcupine as location 93 T, 160 acres adjoining the Badger, and is developed sufficiently to prove that it averages good-paying ore, besides a fair amount of shipping rock. The sale has particular significance from the fact that the Badger people have already spent such a large sum in mining which their mine has repaid, besides forty thousand dollars in dividends. This year their implicit confidence in this, as a silver district is shown by this purchase which now gives them three valuable working mines—the original Badger, the new vein and Porcupine, or One, Two and Three, as they will hereafter be known. Their new discovery is turning out some immense ore, five barrels being taken out in two days, worth $1,000 a barrel. It is such bona fide mining transactions as this which help to bring Canada prominently before legitimate mining men, not the floating in London of comparatively worthless properties for fabulous sums. One of these schemes was recently put on the London market, and it was an undisguised blessing that it did not succeed.

The Duke of Clarence and Avondale.

The official announcement about Prince "Eddie's" new title is rather an inconvenient one. "Duke of Clarence and Avondale" is a mouthful of a name, and there seems to be no more reason for so styling His Royal Highness than for speaking of the claimant King of Hanover as "Duke of Cumberland and Teviotdale," or the Duke of Connaught as "Duke of Connaught and Strathearne." There are even more tremendous accumulations of ducal honors in some families which are not royal. The Duke of Hamilton is also Duke of Brandon in the English peerage and Duke of Chatelherault in France. The late duke was in the habit of signing himself by the abbreviated form of "Ham., Chat., and Bran.;" and tradition relates that, having once so signed a letter to a firm of tradesmen His Grace received a letter addressed "Messrs. Ham, Chat., and Bran," and beginning "Gents." The Duke of Richmond is also Duke of Gordon, Duke of Lennox, and Duc d'Aubigny, but this fourfold burden of honors is to heavy for daily use and he signs himself "Richmond and Gordon." By the way, it seems to have generally escaped notice that though there has been no Duke of Clarence since William IV., the title of Earl of Clarence was borne by the lamented Prince Leopold, Duke of Albany.

Ice Cream made to order and delivered to all parts of the city. Telephone No. 161, New England Bakery Young Bros., No. 116 and 118 Government street.

AMUSEMENTS.

St. GEORGE'S SOCIETY

DOMINION DAY.

Annual -:- Pic-Nic,

AT THE

CALEDONIAN SOCIETY'S GROUNDS,

BEACON HILL,

On Tuesday, 1st July, 1890,

PROGRAMME OF SPORTS,

To commence at One o'clock, p.m.

1. Running Race, 125 yards straight course, for amateurs only—1st prize, gold medal; 2nd, silver medal; entrance fee 50c.
2. Running long jump—1st prize, $5; 2nd, $2.50; entrance fee 50c.
3. Half mile race—1st prize, $10; 2nd $5; entrance fee 50c.
4. Running high jump—1st prize, $5; 2nd, $2.50; entrance fee 25c.
5. Half mile race, for boys under 17—1st prize, silver watch; 2nd, gold pencil case; 3rd, knife.
6. Hop, step and jump, 1st prize, $5; 2nd, $2.50; entrance fee 25c.
7. Running race, once round the ring, for boys under 12, handicapped—1st prize, silver medal; 2nd, knife.
8. Running race, once round the ring, for girls under 12, handicapped—1st prize, $3; 2nd, $1.50; 3rd, $1.00.
9. Running race, twice round the ring, for boys under 15, handicapped (for sons of members only)—1st prize, Jubilee double sovereign, pr. by J. H. Lovell, Esq.; 2nd prize, stem winding watch presented by C. E. Redfern, Esq.
10. Running race, 125 yards for championship of B. C., open to all comers — Prize, championship gold medal; entrance fee $1.
11. Running race once round the ring, for members of Society over 45 years—Prize, meerschaum pipe; 2nd, silver headed walking cane.
12. Hurdle race twice round the ring,—1st prize, $7.00; 2nd, $3.00; entrance fee, 50 cents.
13. Sack race once round the ring—first prize, $2.50; 2nd, $1.
14. Wrestling match (3 o'clock sharp),—prize, $15; Westmoreland and Cumberland styles, single bouts, one throw, final heat, best 2 of 3.
15. Tug of war—$1.00 each for winners, 10 on each side, best 2 of 3.

Starter, J. Braden; referee, G. Fairbrother; Judges, J. Dewsnap, W. Harrison, G. Thomas, T. Fawcin.

Tombola—Prizes consisting of gold and silver ware, numerous household and other useful articles, will be drawn for on the ground.

[illegible] Match—Will be played on Beacon Hill between the [illegible] and [illegible] clubs. Prize, Waggon league bat and Fisher league ball. Game to commence at 10 sharp.

Other games and amusements will be arranged on the grounds. Dancing will commence on conclusion of sports.

Queen City Band engaged for the day will furnish quadrille music for the evening.

Admission—Adults, 50c.; Children, 25c. May be procured from any member of the Committee. je28

AMUSEMENTS.

Wednesday Ev'g, July 2nd,

IN THE

School Room of First Presbyterian Church,

DAVID G. S. CONNERY, B. A.,

Prof. of Elocution, and

MR. CHARLES KELLY,

Basso Cantate and Solo Guitarist,

For the Benefit of the Building Fund of the Victoria West Presbyterian Church.

ADMISSION, 50 CENTS. je25

THE ST. ANDREW'S

And Caledonian Society,

WILL HOLD THEIR

27th Annual Cathering

AT THE

CALEDONIAN PARK, BEACON HILL,

ON

Friday, 4th July, 1890.

The grounds have been specially prepared and will be tastefully decorated and illuminated for the occasion.

In the evening a grand display of fireworks.

Committee of management—The President, Ald. Robertson, vice-presidents, Robt. Mitchell and Jas. Tolmie, and Ald. A. J. Smith, Geo. Bishop, Wm. Lorimer, Donald McKay, Mayor Grant, Robt. McIntosh, Capt. Irving, H. D. Helmcken, Andrew Tolmie, P. Æ. Irving, John Kersman, Geo. Mann, Geo. Webb, J. A. Wilson, J. H. McGregor, W. Ward, Geo. Walker, Jas. McArthur, P. Lowe, Dr. Renwick, Annandale Greeve, J. R. Carmichael, J. L. Anderson, D. Stewart, W. C. Anderson, W. A. Robertson.

Judges—R. J. Russell, A. B. Gray, R. E. Jackson, Capt. Irving, Jas. Burns, R. P. Rithet, H. D. Helmcken, Mayor Grant.

Reception Committee—President Robertson, Vice-Presidents R. Mitchell, J. Tolmie, Mayor Grant, Ald. A. J. Smith, W. Lorimer, G. Bishop, P. Æ. Irving, R. McIntosh.

Starters—Wm. Lorimer, Geo. Walker.

Floor Managers—J. A. Wilson, Duncan Stuart.

Rangers—Jas. Deans, Hugh McKenzie.

Piper—David Kennedy.

Gate Keepers—Geo. Webb, J. L. Anderson.

PROGRAMME OF SPORTS.

1. Running high jump, entrance 25c., 1st prize $4; 2nd, $2.
2. Running long jump, entrance 25c., 1st, $4; 2nd, $2.
3. Running, hop, step and jump, entrance 25c 1st, $4; 2nd, $2.
4. Foot race (handicap) 3 miles, entrance $1, 1st, $15; 2nd, $7.50.
5. Foot race, for boys under 15, entrance free, 1st, $2.50; 2nd, $1.50; 3rd, $1.
6. Foot race, for girls under 15, entrance free, 1st, $2.50; 2nd, $1.50; 3rd, $1.
7. Tossing Caber, entrance 25c., 1st, $5; 2nd, $2.50.
8. Foot race, for boys under 10, free, 1st, $2; 2nd, $1; 3rd, 50c.
9. Foot race, for girls under 10, free, 1st, $2; 2nd, $1; 3rd, 50c.
10. Foot race, for boys under 18, half mile entrance 25c., 1st, $5; 2nd, $3.
11. Wrestling match, Scotch back hold, entrance 50c., 1st, $7.50; 2nd, $5.
12. Foot race for navy and military, half mile, free, 1st, $5; 2nd, $3.
13. Walking match (handicap), two miles, entrance 50c., 1st, $7.50; 2nd, $5.
14. Throwing heavy hammer, entrance 50c., 1st, $5; 2nd, $2.
15. Putting heavy shot, entrance 50c., 1st, $5; 2nd, $2.50.
16. Vaulting match, entrance 50c., 1st, $5; 2nd, $2.50.
17. Sack race, entrance 25c., 1st, $4; 2nd, $2.
18. Three legged race, entrance 25c., 1st, $4; 2nd, $2.
19. Old man's race, over 50 years free, walking stick.
20. Wheelbarrow race, boys under 18, free, 1st, $2.50; 2nd, $1.
21. Amateur champion race, one mile, entrance $1, 1st, gold medal; 2nd, breast pin.
22. Hurdle race, entrance 25c., 1st, $4; 2nd, $2.
23. Tug of war, army and navy vs. civilians, prize, $10.

DANCING.

Highland Fling, $5; Sailors Hornpipe, $5; Sword Dance, $5.

Best dressed boy in Highland costume, Claymore brooch; best dressed girl in Highland costume, Cairngorm brooch.

A grand lottery, for ladies only, will be drawn during the afternoon. Each lady on entering the grounds will receive a ticket. Ladies' prizes: 1st, jewel case; 2nd, fruit dish; 3rd, water pitcher; 4th, dressing case; 5th, album; 6th, ladies satchel; 7th, silk umbrella; 8th, purse. Prizes will be on exhibition in the window of T. N. Hibben and Co.

Condition of Games—Games to commence at 1 o'clock p. m., sharp. Three competitors to enter for all games or no prizes will be awarded. Heavy shot and hammer to be delivered within the time. No weights will be allowed in jumping. Every facility will be afforded visitors to view the games, etc. The grounds will be opened to the public at 11 a. m. Refreshments to be had on the grounds.

Admission, 50c. Children under 12 years, 25c.

JOHN M. MURDOCH, Secretary.

je28

Fancy Goods! Fancy Goods!

We have just received by the last steamer a large assortment of China and Japan Bazaar goods and a full line of

Embroidered Silk Handkerchiefs,

SHAWLS, SATIN SCREENS,

MORNING GOWNS.

—ALSO—

Porcelain Tea Sets, Colored Mattings, Tea, Bronze and Sandalwood Goods,

WHICH WE WILL SELL AT

THE LOWEST PRICES

Hoping you will give us a call, we remain very respectfully yours,

KING TYE CO., 8 Cormorant Street, VICTORIA, B. C.

my19 3m

LIST OF PROPERTY

On which taxes have been due and unpaid for two years and upwards and which will be sold on the first day of September, 1890, at the City Hall, Victoria, at 12 o'clock noon in pursuance of the Victoria Real Estate Tax Sale By-law, 1890, unless in the meantime the arrears of taxes and costs due in respect of each lot in the schedule hereunder written be paid.

LOT.	BLOCK.	AMOUNT OF TAXES.	COSTS.	TOTAL.
19	12	$576 80	$63 44	$640 24
E. two thirds 24	3	67 20	7 40	74 60
One-half 25	3	89 10	9 80	98 90
W. one-half 26	3	122 80	13 50	136 30
35	3	51 00	5 61	56 61
Part 87	26	70 38	7 73	78 11
145	V	124 08	13 64	137 72
377	4	117 20	12 89	130 09
Part sub. 4 of 618, 619	M	31 00	3 41	34 41
Part sub 8 of 602, 603	M	33 44	3 68	37 12
East part 876	J	27 56	3 03	30 59
East one-half 878	J	37 30	4 10	41 40
940	42	48 60	5 34	53 94
991	9	75 00	8 25	83 25
992	9	36 60	4 03	40 63
993	9	22 20	2 44	24 64
997	17	35 50	3 90	39 40
1007	17	23 40	2 57	25 97
Sub. 13 of 1257	T	46 80	5 15	51 95
Sub. 8 of 1694	56	7 60	84	8 44
Sub. 34 of 1694	56	10 50	1 15	11 65
Sub. 4 of 1772	61	27 50	3 03	30 53
WORK ESTATE.				
4	D	21 90	2 41	$24 31
10	W	77 60	8 54	86 14
SPRING RIDGE.				
A	64	6 00	66	6 66
B	64	6 00	66	6 66
7	69 to 72	3 90	43	4 33
8	"	3 90	43	4 33
9	"	3 90	43	4 33
10	"	4 80	53	5 33
11	"	4 80	53	5 33
12	"	6 90	76	7 66
17	"	3 90	43	4 33
18	"	3 90	43	4 33
19	"	3 90	43	4 33
20	"	42 60	4 68	47 28
43	"	34 80	3 83	38 63
48	73	3 60	40	4 00
51	"	44 90	4 94	49 84
FINLAYSON ESTATE.				
1	B	48 00	5 28	53 28
2	B	25 20	2 77	27 97
5 ACRE LOTS.				
One-half of Sub 23	11	18 98	2 08	21 06
Part Sub. E	V	17 00	1 87	18 87
Sub. 1	E ½ VI	11 20	1 23	12 43
" 2	"	10 30	1 13	11 43
" 3	"	10 30	1 13	11 43
" 11	"	10 60	1 16	11 76
" 12	"	10 00	1 10	11 10
" 13	"	10 00	1 10	11 10
" 5	XIII	7 60	83	8 43
" 45	"	40 80	4 49	45 29
" 46	"	40 80	4 49	45 29
" 51	"	62 10	6 83	68 93

City Hall, Victoria, June 2, 1890. CHARLES KENT, Collector.

BOOTH'S GENUINE

QUININE WINE!

The Best Appetizer and Tonic Known.

SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHER PREPARATIONS

IN SUCH DISEASES AS

Fever and Ague, Intermittent and Bilious Fevers, Dyspepsia, Nervous Affections, Convalescence from Exhausting Diseases, and Functional Derangement of the Stomach.

LANGLEY & CO., 21 and 23 YATES ST.

WHOLESALE AGENTS.

ap19

SEED OATS.

A LIMITED QUANTITY

For Sale by

BRACKMAN & KER,

125 Gov't Street.

CHAS. HAYWARD,

FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER,

Broughton St., Victoria.

BARGAIN----JAMES BAY.

FOR SALE

A lot and nearly new house containing 3 rooms subject to a Building Society mortgage, payable on easy terms.

For particulars and cards to view apply to

FLINT & WILLIAMS,

Real Estate Brokers, 30 Fort Street. P. O. BOX 68.

je24 tf

SNOWFLAKE

FLOUR

-:- FOR FAMILY USE, -:-

IS THE BEST.

Ask your Grocer for it. Have no Other.

Manufactured by

ISOM LANNING & CO.,

ALBANY, OREGON.

DROWNED OFF THE DELAWARE.

A Well Known Victoria Boy Meets His Death in the Fraser.

Special to the [Times.]

NEW WESTMINSTER, June 30.—Yesterday afternoon as the steamer Delaware reached a point a short distance below St. Mary's Mission on her return with an excursion party from Harrison Hot Springs, Samuel T. Gowen, second engineer, having oiled the engine cranks outside, was walking on the guard of the boat with an oil can in his hand, lost his footing and fell overboard. Two Indians, who witnessed the occurence, gave an alarm at once. The steamer, which was travelling at a high rate of speed at the time, was several hundred yards past before she could be reversed, and before assistance could be rendered the unfortunate man, he had disappeared beneath the waves and was seen no more. Mr. Gowen was about 27 years of age and was well known in Victoria, having lived there some time. His parents are at present residing at Seattle.

The late Mr. Gowen was for many years a resident of Victoria, his father, Mr. Thos. Gowen, having been at one time proprietor of the Novelty Iron Works on Store street. Young Mr. Gowen learned his trade there, and was a highly skilled mechanic. He was also highly educated, and understood thoroughly the theoretical as well as the practical part of his profession. He gave promise of becoming a bright light in the engineering world, and his unfortunate death will be a sad blow to his bereaved parents and his many friends.

Another Junket.

The London Advertiser under the above title waxes sarcastic over the announcement that Sir John Thompson "will go to England this week on business of importance." We further quote: "What Canadian business is there in England which High Commissioner Tupper cannot transact under instructions from Ottawa? Is he a mere figurehead, whose principal duty it is to sit at public banquets and dispense taffy to the titled nabobs of Great Britain, while the champagne is consumed by the gallon? If not he should attend to the duties for which he was supposed to be appointed. When the office of High Commissioner was created, and a London palace and from $15,000 to $20,000 a year emoluments were attached to it, Parliament was told that the change would really effect a saving, as the High Commisioner could do all the business of the Dominion, and thus save the commission of financial agents and the travelling expenses incidental to periodical pilgrimages of Ministers to the British metropolis. Now no pretence is made to dispense with the help of the paid financial men who have always aided the authorities in looking after their British indebtedness, and as for ministerial junketing, the members of the cabinet excuses for taking trips across the Atlantic as in the past.

The High Commissionership seems to be a good deal of a fraud. A live agent-general would do the work just as well and for less than half the money. But what would Tupper do?

THE COLUMBIA MART.

The "Columbia Mart," organized for the purpose of providing funds for the extension of the Bishopric of British Columbia, closed last night with results, it is to be hoped, commensurate with the worthiness of the object. Thirty-one years is not a long period in the history of Europe. But to many of those who visited the Columbia Mart, the world must seem to have been wagging very fast in that distant province of Canada. For in these three decades which have elapsed since the Rector of Great Yarmouth was consecrated as the first English Bishop the rugged region, then without roads or even footpaths, many things have happened. Men and manners, all have changed, and a generation have arisen who listen to the strange tales of the wild life of the fur trappers and traders and gold diggers among whom Dr. Hills arrived in 1860, with something like incredulity. When gold was first discovered on the banks of the Fraser river the country now known as British Columbia and Vancouver Island was the hunting ground of the famous fur traders, whose jurisdiction stretched from the Atlantic to the Pacific. The only white settlements in an area three times the size of Great Britain were the stockaded wooden forts of this famous corporation, and along the banks of the rivers which wound like silver threads through the dark fir forests, or by the shores of vast lakes bounded by snow peaks, smoked the villages of a hundred tribes of Indians, in a condition of primitive savagedom. Roads—even footpaths, except the rude forest trails worn by the tread of generations of brown-skinned hunters—there were none. As for a railway, the man in 1858 who had ventured to talk of such a possibility would have been laughed to scorn. It was in those dull days that the cry of gold brought swarms of adventurers to this region. "The Fraser River excitement," the towns which sprang up alongside the fur traders' forts, the joyous life of the mining camps on the "bars" as long as the gold lasted, and the gallant efforts of Sir James Douglas and Sir Matthew Begbie to bring order and law and good government out of this chaos, are now well-worn pieces of Colonial history. The Hudson's Bay Chaplain was unable to overtake the spiritual control of this godless multitude, and the other clergymen who reached the country from Canada could barely attend to the needs of their own persuasions. In these circumstances, Lady — then Miss — Burdett-Coutts came to the rescue, with a donation of twenty-five thousand pounds, which has since been supplemented by many other gifts, and the first English Bishop of Columbia was consecrated; an iron church was sent out, somewhat to the amusement of people whose chief rest in life was the all-abounding timber which covered the diocese, and several clergymen arrived to supplement the efforts of the new Bishop.

Dr. Hills had a hard task before him. His difficulty was where to begin first, and it may be, even with memories of Selwyn, the Rector of Great Yarmouth, who, "in middle age forlorn," had faced the wildest of all our colonies, sometimes winced at the uphill task which he had undertaken. Funds, in spite of the liberal donation which enabled the work to get afloat, were still wanting, and, indeed, without the unwearied efforts of the Bishop—efforts as this human peruse, still undoubted—the twenty acres of land bestowed on the Church by the Hudson's Bay Company, and the twenty-five thousand pounds of Miss Burdett-Coutts, would have gone a very little way in keeping the Church of England alive in a land where, in spite of some heart-burnings and some mistakes, it is now so flourishing. The tourist who in these prosaic times runs across to Vancouver in, it may be, fourteen or fifteen days from Liverpool, passing his trans-continental week in a luxurious Pullman car, bivouacking, when it pleases him to "lie over" for a day in a well-appointed hotel, can barely grasp the kind of life which gentlemen of England who chose to stray to these parts had to live in the first decade of Dr. Hill's Episcopate. A Bishop—even a Colonial Bishop—who for half his life has breathed the clerical atmosphere of a cathedral town, is prone to cling with kindly memories to the externals of his rank. Gaiters have been known to survive the passage of the Caribbean sea, and a looped hat the drastic test of a sixteen days' voyage from Panama to San Francisco. But the first tour of such a See as British Columbia was in 1860 is apt to lead the most uncompromising of Diocesans to knee boots and a mosquito net. The experiences of Dr. Hill's earliest journey there have been put on record. Like every one else, he had to camp out at night, and sustain a robust existence on pork and beans, where the rivers did not yield salmon or the woods the all-abounding venison. The gold diggers were hospitable, but rough. Everything was at famine prices. Even a needle was sold for a dollar in a remote camp, not so much, as the Hebrew vendor explained, on account of the scarcity of this article of ironmongery as by reason of "the cash money paid for the freight." And as their was no roads, this item mounted heavily. Highways were still on the knees of the gods—or of Colonel Moody. Even the trails were so bad that in many places the stores had to be "packed" on the backs of Indians, while on the water ways there was for a long time no more civilized conveyance than a native canoe. Hence a pound of bacon, which cost a shilling in Victoria, was cheap at five times the figure at Horsebeef Bar, or on Yellow Cat Creek. And, moreover, in out-of-the-way places, the Indians were untrustworthy and since the advent of the whites, were daily sinking lower and lower in immorality.

One trip Dr. Hills took on the Upper Fraser was a type of many. The ground over which he scrambled was impassable for horses and mules, and even for men was not without danger. "We must," he wrote of one spot, "have been a height of two thousand, five hundred or three thousand feet; our pathway lay along the edge of a perpendicular fall of such a height, sometimes along beds of loose rock, and most warily must the feet step from stone to stone; a slip would either precipitate to the abyss below, or cast you among the rocks, where a limb might easily be broken. At other times in the desert, the path was nil; the projections for the foot not an inch; it seems like the crawling of a fly upon the perpendicular wall." Some relics of these days were displayed in the California Mart, and perhaps the most interesting of them was the Indian lodge built by the first white man born on Vancouver Island. But roads now thread where thirty years ago these perilous paths lay. A railroad runs the traveller in a few hours from the coast to the Rocky Mountains, and in fewer days than in 1860 it took him months, and with an ease which there is no comparing with the past, he can run across the continent from sea to sea. The Panama route of six weeks, or the Cape Horn voyage of half a year, are now only legends. The Fraser mines are not what they were. Even the Cariboo "claims" are no longer an El Dorado, though others almost as rich have taken their place; while coal and silver, and fish and timber, pour wealth into the laps of the waiting men. The old block-house in Victoria has long vanished; its sole memories are Fort street and Bastion street, and "lots" which were in 1858 going a-begging are now sold at a considerably more than the whole townsite would then have brought. As for Vancouver and a host of other "cities," they stand where, thirty years ago or less, simple prospectors, unconscious of the wealth they neglected, pitched their tents. These are the times that are recalled by a visit to the Columbia Mart, and the still hale Bishop may say that all of this he saw, and much of it he was.—London, Eng., Standard.

Excursion Rates.

On July 1st and 4th return tickets will be sold on the E. & N. R. for a single fare, good for return on that date only, and in addition to the regular train service special trains will be run as follows: Leaving Wellington for Victoria and way stations at 5:40 p. m.; leaving Victoria for Wellington and way stations at 6 p.m.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Islander from Vancouver—W C Van Horne, D R Harris, C R King, Gus Leiser, B Van Horne, J Carter, C Sweeney, Peter Burrill, A Thomas, W Stewart, Robt Dunn, H A Hewson, W P Hallen, O D [illegible], Hon Geo A Drummond, J Angus, Thos Atkins, Br Arkell, W A Russell, H Abbott, Col Baker, Miss Maggie Kirkpatrick, J Hodson, R B Colmore, F G Vernon, R B Angus, G A McDonald, Capt Urquhart, D Nichols, Robt Irving, A R [illegible], Forrest Angus, S Watt.

CONSIGNEES.

Per the Steamer Islander from Vancouver—S J Pitts, A O Leask, McLennan & McFeely, F G Strickland, E G Prior, [illegible], Geo Hodge, [illegible].

Preserving kettles of all kinds at McLennan & McFeely's.

Never Here Before.

Some of the most unique designs in spring cloth for gentlemen's wear. New line of spring suitings, displayed for first time in Victoria by Campbell & Simpkins, the fashionable Government street Tailors.

PICNIC

Ladie's Gents, Misses, Boys' and Children's tan colored and canvas shoes in great variety. Just the thing for picnics, at Mansell's.

CHASE & SANBORN'S

THE ARISTOCRATIC COFFEE OF AMERICA.

SEAL BRAND JAVA & MOCHA COFFEE

ALWAYS PACKED [GROUND OR UNGROUND] IN 2 lb. TIN CANS.

BOSTON COFFEES

SPECIAL FOR THE HOLIDAYS

SEE OUR IMMENSE STOCK OF

BOOTS and SHOES.

Tan Goods, Oxfords, Tan Goods, Oxfords, Tan Goods, Oxfords, IN ENDLESS VARIETY.

Besides our usual large and well assorted stock of all descriptions of BOOTS AND SHOES.

J. FULLERTON, 103 GOVERNMENT STREET, PEOPLE'S SHOE STORE.

May22

NEW GOODS FOR SPRING.

BABY CARRIAGES; a beautiful line just opened. LANCASTER WINDOW SHADING; Some new patterns.

CARPETS, : LINOLEUMS, : CURTAIN : POLES, : WALLPAPER,

And Antique Furnishings constantly arriving.

LINCRUSTA WALTON,

The most popular of all wall decorations. Also

Largest Stock of Furniture of all kinds, Crockery, Glassware, Lamps and general House Furnishing Goods, in the Province, at

JOHN WEILER'S

Showrooms, 51 to 55 Fort St. - - - Factory, Humbolt St.

FISH'S COMPOUND EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA AND OREGON GRAPE FOR THE LIVER AND BLOOD

The Best Spring Medicine Known.

(Compounded solely from herbs.)

THOMAS FISH, Herbalist and Chemist

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Pupil of the late Saml. Jon. Stratford, M.D., M.R.C.S., Eng. Over 30 years experience in medicines.

WM ECKERT,

The Cash Grocer's Quotations:

Flour, per bbl. ... Oatmeal, Rolled ... Corn Meal ... Sago and Tapioca ... Rice ... Peas, Green or Split ... Beans, White or Brown ... Currants (new) ... Raisins, Valencia (new) ... Prunes ... Apples, Dried (new) ... Peaches ... Apricots ... Peaches, 2 lb tins, new ... Apricots, 2 lb tins, new ... Pine Apples, 2 lb tins, new ... Corn ... [illegible]

Tomatoes, 6 tins new ... Peas, 6 tins, new ... Jams and Jellies, 5 lb. tins ... Pie Fruit, Assorted, gallon tins ... Mince Meat, Superior, 5 lb. tins ... Sugar, Light Brown, 12 lbs. ... Sugar House Syrup, per gallon ... Vinegar, Malt ... Vinegar, White Wine ... Butter, Creamery 30 cts per lb 3 lbs for ... Ham, [illegible] ... Bacon, 15 cts per lb, or 7 lbs for ... Coal Oil, Pearl per tin ... Tobacco, Smoking, 5 plugs ... Eggs, Island 30 per doz. Imported ... Coffee, Victoria Blend ... Mocha, Java and Ceylon ... Tea, 3 lbs for ... Granulated sugar, 11 lbs for ...

Remember the place, 178—Government street, corner Herald—17

TO ABBOTSFORD.

From Vancouver { Via Mission-Sumas Branch of C. P. R.

From Seattle { Via Lake Shore and Eastern Railway.

STEAMBOATS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER ISABEL

[illegible] BUTLER, Master.

On and after November 19th, '89, Until further notice,

The Steamer ISABEL will sail as follows: CALLING AT WAY PORTS:

For freight or passage apply on board.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO., (LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE No. 11, Taking effect March 22, 1890.

Vancouver Route.

New Westminster Route.

Fraser River Route.

Northern Route.

Barclay Sound Route.

The Company reserves the right of changing this Time Table without notification. Steam leave on Standard Time.

JOHN IRVING, Manager. G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer Every five days for San Francisco Carrying Her Majesty's mails, FROM OUTER WHARF AT [illegible] A.M.

Walla Walla - - - - - July 3rd

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

FOR PORT ANGELES

The fast and commodious steamer EVANGEL

Carrying U. S. mails, leaves Port Townsend every MONDAY, THURSDAY AND SATURDAY,

MORGAN & HAYS, Owners.

THE OCEANIC STEAMSHIP COMPANY

CARRYING UNITED STATES, Hawaiian and Colonial mails, will leave the Company's wharf, foot [illegible] street,

FOR HONOLULU

AUSTRALIA [illegible] tons ... Friday, July [illegible], 1890.

For Honolulu, Auckland and Sydney Without Change.

JOHN D. SPRECKELS & BROS., General Agents.

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 12.

To take effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday, May 1st, 1890.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING SOUTH. Read Up. — STATIONS. — GOING NORTH. Read Down.

ON SATURDAYS, SUNDAYS AND MONDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a single fare, good for return not later than Monday evening.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt. H. K. PRIOR, Gen'l Freight and Passenger Agent.

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STEAMERS

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TO ALL POINTS EAST AND [illegible]

Trains Through Vestibuled

THROUGH TICKETS

CANADIAN PACIFIC

The only Transcontinental

SOLID TRAINS

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QUICK TIME

TO SAN FRANCISCO

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